

ORDINANCE NO. 1523

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF SAN CLEMENTE
AMENDING CHAPTER 8.16 OF THE SAN CLEMENTE MUNICIPAL
CODE AND ADOPTING FIRE CODE REGULATIONS FOR THE CITY
OF SAN CLEMENTE

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE DOES HEREBY ORDAIN AS
FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 8.16 of the San Clemente Municipal Code is hereby amended to read
in its entirety as follows:

Chapter 8.16 FIRE CODE

- 8.16.010 Fire Code Adopted.
- 8.16.020 Enforcement and Inspections.
- 8.16.030 Division II of Chapter 1 amended — Administration.
- 8.16.040 Chapter 2 amended — Definitions.
- 8.16.050 Chapter 3 amended — General Precautions Against Fire.
- 8.16.060 Chapter 4 amended — Emergency Planning and Preparedness.
- 8.16.070 Chapter 5 amended — Fire Service Features.
- 8.16.080 Chapter 6 amended — Building Services and Systems.
- 8.16.090 Chapter 8 amended — Interior Finish, Decorative Materials and Furnishings.
- 8.16.100 Chapter 9 amended — Fire Protection Systems.
- 8.16.110 Chapter 11 amended — Aviation Facilities.
- 8.16.120 Chapter 19 amended — Lumber Yards and Woodworking Facilities.
- 8.16.130 Chapter 23 amended — High-Piled Combustible Storage.
- 8.16.140 Chapter 27 amended — Hazardous Materials — General Provisions.
- 8.16.150 Chapter 32 amended — Cryogenic Fluids.
- 8.16.160 Chapter 33 amended — Explosives and Fireworks.
- 8.16.170 Chapter 34 amended — Flammable and Combustible Liquids.
- 8.16.180 Chapter 37 amended — Highly Toxic and Toxic Materials.
- 8.16.190 Chapter 45 amended — Marinas.
- 8.16.200 Chapter 46 amended — Construction Requirements for Existing Buildings.
- 8.16.210 Chapter 47 amended — Referenced Standards (NFPA 13, NFPA 13R, NFPA 13D, NFPA 14, NFPA 24, NFPA 72)
- 8.16.220 Chapter 49 amended — Requirements for Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Areas
- 8.16.230 Appendix B amended — Fire Flow Requirements for Buildings

8.16.010 Fire Code Adopted

The 2010 California Fire Code, based on the International Fire Code, 2009 Edition, with errata, published by International Code Council (ICC), and the whole thereof, including Appendices B, BB, C and CC is hereby adopted by the City of San Clemente for the purpose of prescribing regulations governing conditions hazardous to the life and property from fire or explosion, save and except such portions as are hereinafter added, deleted, modified or amended. A copy of this code is on file in the City's Building Division office for public inspection and is adopted with the same force and effect as through set out herein in full.

8.16.020 Enforcement and Inspections

The California Fire Code and the International Fire Code with amendments shall be enforced by the Orange County Fire Authority, which shall be operated under the Fire Chief of the Orange County Fire Authority. The Fire Chief of the Orange County Fire Authority may detail such members of the fire authority as inspectors as shall be necessary from time to time.

8.16.030 Division II of Chapter 1 amended — Administration

Division II of Chapter 1— Administration is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 101.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

101.1 Title. These regulations shall be known as the Fire Code of the City of San Clemente, hereinafter referred to as "this code".
- B. Subsection 102.3 is hereby amended to replace references to the International Building Code with references to the California Building Code, as adopted by the City of San Clemente.
- C. Subsection 102.4 is hereby amended to replace references to International Building Code with references to California Building Code, as adopted by the City of San Clemente.
- D. Subsection 102.5 is hereby amended to replace reference to International Residential Code with reference to California Residential Code, as adopted by the City of San Clemente.

- E. Subsection 105.6.29 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

105.6.29. Miscellaneous combustible storage. An operational permit is required to store in any building or upon any premises in excess of 2500 cubic feet (71 m³) gross volume of combustible empty packing cases, boxes, barrels or similar containers, rubber tires, rubber, cork, green waste, composting, yard waste, or similar combustible material.

- F. Subsection 105.6.35 is hereby deleted without replacement.
- G. Subsection 109.3 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

109.3 Violation penalties. Persons who shall violate a provision of this code or shall fail to comply with any of the requirements thereof or who shall erect, install, alter, repair or do work in violation of the approved construction documents or directive of the fire code official, or of a permit or certificate used under provisions of this code, shall be guilty of either a misdemeanor, infraction or both as prescribed in Section 109.3.2 and 109.3.3 Penalties shall be as prescribed in local ordinance Each day that a violation continues after due notice has been served shall be deemed a separate offense.

- H. A new Subsection 109.3.2 is hereby added to Section 109 to read in its entirety as follows:

109.3.2 Infraction. Except as provided in Section 109.3.2, persons operating or maintaining any occupancy, premises or vehicle subject to this code that shall permit any fire or life safety hazard to exist on premises under their control shall be guilty of an infraction.

- I. A new Subsection 109.3.3 is hereby added to Section 109 to read in its entirety as follows:

109.3.3 Misdemeanor. Persons who fail to take immediate action to abate a fire or life safety hazard when ordered or notified to do so by the chief or a duly authorized representative, or who violate the following sections of this code, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor:

104.11.2 Obstructing operations

104.11.3 Systems and Devices

107.6 Overcrowding

- 109.2.2 Compliance with Orders and Notices
- 111.4 Failure to comply
- 305.4 Deliberate or negligent burning
- 308.1.2 Throwing or placing sources of ignition
- 310.7 Burning Objects
- 2404.7 Open or exposed flames

- J. Subsection 111.4 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

111.4 Failure to comply. Any person who shall continue any work after having been served with a stop work order, except such work as that person is directed to perform to remove a violation or unsafe condition, shall be liable to a fine of not less than specified in the city of San Clemente Municipal Code and/or by Fee Resolution.

8.16.040 Chapter 2 amended -- Definitions

Chapter 2 -- Definitions, is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Section 202 is hereby amended by adding definitions for "Flow-Line" and "Hazardous Fire Area" and modifying the definition of "High-Rise Building" as follows:

FLOW-LINE is the lowest continuous elevation on a rolled curb defined by the path traced by a particle in a moving body of water at the bottom of the rolled curb.

HAZARDOUS FIRE AREA. Includes all areas identified within Section 4906.2 and other areas as determined by the Fire Code Official due to the presence of combustible vegetation, or the proximity of the property to an area that contains combustible vegetation.

HIGH-RISE BUILDING. In other than Group I-2 occupancies "high-rise buildings" as used by this Code:

1. "Existing high-rise structure" means a high-rise structure, the construction of which commenced or completed prior to July 1, 1974
2. "High-rise structure" means every building of any type of construction or occupancy having floor used for human occupancy located more than 55 feet above the lowest floor level having building access except buildings used as hospitals as

defined by the Health and Safety Code Section 1250.

3. "New high-rise structure" means a high-rise structure, the construction of which commenced on or after July 1, 1974

8.16.050 Chapter 3 amended -- General Precautions Against Fire

Chapter 3 – General Precautions Against Fire is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 304.1.2 is hereby revised by adding item "(E)" at end of subparagraph (7) as follows:

(E) OCFA Vegetation Management Guideline.

- B. A new Subsection 305.5 is hereby added to Section 305 to read in its entirety as follows:

305.5 Chimney Spark Arrestors. All chimneys attached to any appliance or fireplace that burns solid fuel shall be equipped with an approved spark arrester, the spark arrester shall meet all of the following requirements:

1. The net free area of the spark arrester shall not be less than four times the net area of the outlet of the chimney.
2. The spark arrester screen shall have heat or corrosion resistance equivalent to 12 gage wire, 19 gage galvanized wire or 24 gage stainless steel.
3. Openings shall not permit the passage of spheres having a diameter larger than 1/2 inch and shall not block the passage of spheres having a diameter of less than 3/8 inch.
4. The spark arrester shall be accessible for cleaning and the screen or chimney cap shall be removable to allow for cleaning of the chimney flue.

- C. A new Section 318 is hereby added to Chapter 3 to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 318
DEVELOPMENT ON OR NEAR LAND
CONTAINING OR EMITTING TOXIC,
COMBUSTIBLE OR FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS,
GASES OR VAPORS**

318.1 General. The fire code official may require the submittal for approval of geological studies, evaluations, reports, remedial recommendations and/or similar documentation from a state-licensed and department-approved individual or firm, on any parcel of land to be developed which has, or is adjacent to, or within 1,000 feet (304.8 m) of a parcel of land that has an active, inactive, or abandoned oil or gas well operation, petroleum or chemical refining facility, petroleum or chemical storage, or may contain or give off toxic, combustible or flammable liquids, gases or vapors.

- D. A new Section 319 is hereby added to Chapter 3 to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 319
FUEL MODIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW
CONSTRUCTION**

319.1 General. All new buildings to be built or installed in areas containing combustible vegetation shall comply with the following:

1. Preliminary fuel modification plans shall be submitted to and approved by the fire code official concurrent with the submittal for approval of any tentative map.
2. Final fuel modification plans shall be submitted to and approved by the fire code official prior to the issuance of a grading permit.
3. The fuel modification plans shall meet the criteria set forth in the Orange County Fire Authority Fuel Modification Plan Guidelines.
4. The fuel modification plan may be altered if conditions change. Any alterations to the fuel modification shall be approved by the fire code official.
5. All elements of the fuel modification plan shall be maintained in accordance with the approved plan and are subject to the enforcement process outlined in the Fire Code.

- E. A new Section 320 is hereby added to Chapter 3 to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 320
CLEARANCE OF BRUSH OR VEGETATION
GROWTH FROM ROADWAYS**

320.1 General. The fire code official is authorized to cause areas within 10 feet (3048 mm) on each side of portions of highways and private streets which are improved, designed or ordinarily used for vehicular traffic, to be cleared of flammable vegetation and other combustible growth. Measurement shall be from the flow-line or the end of the improved edge of the roadway surfaces .

Exception: Single specimens of trees, ornamental shrubbery or cultivated ground cover such as green grass, ivy, succulents or similar plants used as ground covers, provided that they do not form a means of readily transmitting fire.

- F. A new Section 321 is hereby added to Chapter 3 to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 321
UNUSUAL CIRCUMSTANCES**

321.1 General. The fire code official may suspend enforcement of the vegetation management requirements and require reasonable alternative measures designed to advance the purpose of this code if determined that in any specific case that any of the following conditions exist:

1. Difficult terrain.
2. Danger of erosion.
3. Presence of plants included in any state and federal resources agencies, California Native Plant Society and county-approved list of wildlife, plants, rare, endangered and/or threatened species.
4. Stands or groves of trees or heritage trees.
5. Other unusual circumstances that make strict compliance with the clearance of vegetation provisions undesirable or impractical.

- G. A new Section 322 is hereby added to Chapter 3 to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 322
USE OF EQUIPMENT**

321.1 General. Except as otherwise provided in this section, no person shall use, operate, or cause to be operated, in, upon or adjoining any hazardous fire area any internal combustion engine which uses hydrocarbon fuels, unless the engine is equipped with a spark arrester as defined in Section

322.1 maintained in effective working order, or the engine is constructed, equipped and maintained for the prevention of fire.

Exception:

1. Engines used to provide motor power for trucks, truck tractors, buses, and passenger vehicles, except motorcycles, are not subject to this section if the exhaust system is equipped with a muffler as defined in the Vehicle Code of the State of California.
2. Turbocharged engines are not subject to this section if all exhausted gases pass through the rotating turbine wheel, there is no exhaust bypass to the atmosphere, and the turbocharger is in good mechanical condition

322.2 Spark Arrestors. Spark arrestors shall comply with the following:

1. A spark arrester is a device constructed of nonflammable material specifically for the purpose of removing and retaining carbon and other flammable particles over 0.0232 of an inch (0.58 mm) in size from the exhaust flow of an internal combustion engine that uses hydrocarbon fuels or which is qualified and rated by the United States Forest Service.
2. Spark arresters affixed to the exhaust system of engines or vehicles subject to Section 322 shall not be placed or mounted in such a manner as to allow flames or heat from the exhaust system to ignite any flammable material.

H. A new Section 323 is hereby added to Chapter 3 to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 323
RESTRICTED ENTRY**

323.1 General. The fire code official shall determine and publicly announce when hazardous fire areas shall be closed to entry and when such areas shall again be opened to entry. Entry on and occupation of hazardous fire areas, except public roadways, inhabited areas or established trails and camp sites which have not been closed during such time when the hazardous fire area is closed to entry, is prohibited.

Exception:

1. Residents and owners of private property within hazardous fire areas and their invitees and guests going to or being upon their lands.
2. Entry, in the course of duty, by peace or police officers, and other duly authorized public officers, members of a fire department and members of the United States Forest Service.

- I. A new Section 324 is hereby added to Chapter 3 to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 324
TRESPASSING ON POSTED PROPERTY**

324.1 General. When the fire code official determines that a specific area within a hazardous fire area presents an exceptional and continuing fire danger because of the density of natural growth, difficulty of terrain, proximity to structures or accessibility to the public, such areas shall be closed until changed conditions warrant termination of closure. Such areas shall be posted as hereinafter provided.

323.2 Signs. Approved signs prohibiting entry by unauthorized persons and referring to applicable fire code chapters shall be placed on every closed area.

323.3 Trespassing. Entering and remaining within areas closed and posted is prohibited.

Exception: Owners and occupiers of private or public property within closed and posted areas, their guests or invitees, and local, state and federal public officers and their authorized agents acting in the course of duty.

- J. A new Section 325 is hereby added to Chapter 3 to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 325
OUTDOOR FIRES**

325.1 General. Outdoor fires shall not be built, ignited or maintained in or upon hazardous fire areas, except by permit from the fire code official.

Exception: Outdoor fires within habited premises or designated campsites where such fires are built in a

permanent barbecue, portable barbecue, outdoor fireplace, incinerator or grill and are a minimum of 30 feet (9144 mm) from a grass, grain, brush, or forest-covered area. Permanent barbecues, portable barbecues, outdoor fireplaces or grills shall not be used for the disposal of rubbish, trash or combustible waste material.

325.2 Outdoor fire permits. Outdoor fire permits shall incorporate such terms and conditions which will reasonably safeguard public safety and property. Outdoor fires shall not be built, ignited or maintained in or upon hazardous fire areas under the following conditions:

1. When predicted sustained winds exceed 20 MPH at the ground level, or a red flag condition has been declared,
2. When a person age 17 or over is not present at all times to watch and tend such fire, or
3. When a public announcement is made that open burning is prohibited.

8.16.060 Chapter 4 amended -- Emergency Planning and Preparedness

Chapter 4 -- Emergency Planning and Preparedness is hereby amended by deleting Sections 404, 405, 406, 408 without replacement.

8.16.070 Chapter 5 amended -- Fire Service Features

Chapter 5 -- Fire Service Features is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 503.1.1 is hereby amended by adding Exception 4 as follows:
 4. For Group R-3 and Group U occupancies equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1 or 903.3.1.2, or 903.3.1.3 the fire apparatus access road shall comply with the requirements of this section and shall extend to within 300 feet (91 m) of the main entry door to the building.
- B. Subsection 503.2.1 is hereby amended by adding the following language at the end of the paragraph:

Street widths are to be measured from top face of curb to top face of curb, on streets with curb and gutter, and from flow-line to flow-line on streets with rolled curbs.

- C. A new Subsection 503.2.1.1 is hereby added to Section 503 to read in its entirety as follows:

503.2.1.1 Hazardous Areas. In areas defined as State Responsibility Area: Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones, and Local Responsibility Area: Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones Area as adopted by the local agencies, the minimum fire apparatus road width shall be 28 feet (8.53 m).

Exception: When the road serves no more than 3 dwelling units and the road does not exceed 150 feet (45.7 m) in length, the road width may be 24 feet 7.3 m).

- D. Subsection 503.4 is hereby amended by adding the following sentence at the end of the paragraph:

Speed bumps and speed humps, shall be approved prior to installation.

- E. Subsection 503.6 is hereby amended by adding the following language at the end of the paragraph:

Vehicle access gates or barriers shall be in accordance with the Orange County Fire Authority Guidelines "Fire Master Plan for Commercial and Residential Development". All electrically operated vehicle access gates shall be equipped with an automatic opening device in addition to a key opening switch.

- F. Subsection 505.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

505.1 Address Identification. New and existing buildings shall have approved address numbers, building numbers or approved building identification placed in a position that is plainly legible and visible from the street or road fronting the property. These numbers shall contrast with their background. Address numbers shall be Arabic numbers or alphabetical letters. Numbers shall be a minimum of 4 inches (101.6 mm) high with a minimum stroke width of 0.5 inch (12.7 mm) for R-3 occupancies, for all other occupancies the numbers shall be a minimum of 6 inches

high with a minimum stroke width of 1 inch. Where access is by a private road and the building cannot be viewed from the *public way*, a monument, pole or other sign or means shall be used to identify the structure.

- G. Subsection 507.5.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

507.5.1 Where required. Where a portion of the facility or building hereafter constructed or moved into or within the jurisdiction is more than allowed in APPENDIX C – FIRE HYDRANT LOCATIONS AND DISTRIBUTION from a hydrant on a fire apparatus access road, as measured by an approved route around the exterior of the facility or building, on-site fire hydrants and mains shall be provided where required by the fire code official.

Exception: For Group R-3 and Group U occupancies equipped throughout with an approved automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1 or 903.3.1.2, or 903.3.1.3, the distance requirement shall be not more than 600 feet (183 m).

- H. Subsection 510.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

510.1 Emergency responder radio coverage in buildings. In order to provide effective 800 MHz Countywide Coordinated Communication System coverage throughout the City of San Clemente for police and fire emergency services. All new buildings shall have radio coverage for emergency responders in accordance with San Clemente Municipal Code Chapter 8.80.

Exceptions:

- 1. Where exempted per S.C.M.C. Section 8.80.060
- 2. Where limited radio coverage will not adversely affect public safety when specifically approved by the San Clemente Police Services Lieutenant and the Orange County Fire Authority Division Chief.

- I. Subsection 510.2 is hereby deleted without replacement.

8.16.080 Chapter 6 amended -- Building Services and Systems

Chapter 6 -- Building Services and Systems is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 604.2.15.1.1 is here amended as follows:

604.2.15.1.1, Standby power loads. The following loads are classified as standby power loads:

1. Smoke control system.
2. Fire pumps.
3. Standby power shall be provided for elevators in accordance with Section 3003 of the California Building Code.

- B. Subsection 604.2.15.2.1 is hereby amended by adding item 6 as follows:

604.2.15.2.1, Emergency power loads. The following loads are classified as emergency power loads:

1. Emergency voice/alarm communication systems.
2. Fire alarm systems.
3. Automatic fire detection systems.
4. Elevator car lighting.
5. Means of egress lighting and exit sign illumination as required by Chapter 10.
6. Ventilation and automatic fire detection equipment for smokeproof enclosures.

- C. Subsection 606.8 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

606.8 Refrigerant Detector. Machinery rooms shall contain a refrigerant detector with an audible and visual alarm. The detector, or a sampling tube that draws air to the detector, shall be located in an area where refrigerant from a leak will concentrate. The alarm shall be actuated at a value not greater than the corresponding TLV-TWA values shown in the California Mechanical Code for the refrigerant classification. Detectors and alarms shall be placed in approved locations. Emergency shutoff shall also be automatically activated when the concentration of refrigerant vapor exceeds 25 percent of LFL. The detector shall transmit a signal to an approved location.

- D. Subsection 606.10.1.2 of Section 606 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

606.10.1.2 Manual operation. When required by the fire code official, automatic crossover valves shall be capable of manual operation. The manual valves shall be located in an approved location immediately outside of the machinery

room, in a secure metal box or equivalent and marked as Emergency Controls.

- E. Subsection 608.1 of Section 608 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

608.1 Scope. Stationary storage battery systems having an electrolyte capacity of more than 50 gallons (189 L) for flooded lead acid, nickel cadmium (Ni-Cd) and valve-regulated lead acid (VRLA), or 1,000 pounds (454 kg) for lithium-ion and lithium metal polymer, used for facility standby power, emergency power or, uninterrupted power supplies, shall comply with this section and Table 608.1. Indoor charging of electric carts/cars with more than 50 gallons (189 L) shall comply with Section 608.10.

- F. A new Subsection 608.10 is hereby added to Section 608 to read in its entirety as follows:

608.10 Indoor charging of electric carts/cars. Indoor charging of electric carts/cars where the combined volume of all electric/cars battery electrolyte exceeds 50 gallons shall comply with following:

1. Spill control and neutralization shall be provided and comply with Section 608.5.
2. Room ventilation shall be provided and comply with Section 608.6.1
3. Signage shall be provided and comply with Section 608.7
4. Smoke detection shall be provided and comply with Section 907.2

- G. A new Section 610 is hereby added to Chapter 6 to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 610
PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS**

610.1 General. Photovoltaic systems shall comply with Orange County Fire Chief's Association Guideline for Fire Safety Elements of Solar Photovoltaic Systems. The provision of this section may be applied by either the fire code official or the building code official.

8.16.090 Chapter 8 amended — Interior Finish, Decorative Materials and Furnishings

Chapter 8 - Interior Finish, Decorative Materials and Furnishings is hereby amended as follows:

Only Sections 801, 802, 803 (including Table 803.1), and 804, Subsections 806.2, 807.1, 807.1.2, 807.4.5.1, 807.4.2.4.1., 807.4.5, and 807.4.2.4 of Chapter 8 are hereby adopted. Other sections of Chapter 8 are deleted without replacement.

8.16.100 Chapter 9 amended -- Fire Protection Systems

Chapter 9 -- Fire Protection Systems is hereby amended as follows:

A. Subsection 903.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

903.2 Where required. Approved automatic sprinkler systems in new buildings and structures shall be provided in the locations described in this section and in Section 903.2 of the California Building Code as amended by the City of San Clemente as follows:

1. **New buildings:** In addition to the requirements of section 903.2.1 through 903.2.13, approved automatic sprinkler systems in new buildings and structures shall be provided as follows (Exception: Group R Detached one- two-family dwellings and townhouses as required by section 903.2.8):

- i) Throughout all Groups A, I, E, and H Occupancies
- ii) Throughout all Group B, F, M, and S Occupancies exceeding 1,000 square feet
- iii) Throughout all Group U-1 Occupancies exceeding 6,000 square feet

For the purposes of this section, fire walls shall not define separate buildings.

2. **Alteration:** When the floor area of the Alteration within any two-year period exceeds 75% of area of the existing structure and the alteration includes structural modifications other than seismic upgrade.

3. **Addition:** Sprinkler protection shall be provided throughout the entire building when:

- 1. Existing unsprinklered building less than 5,000 ft²: where 20% or more is added and the gross floor areas exceeds 5,000 square feet.

2. Existing unsprinklered building equal or greater than 5,000 ft²: where more than 1,000 ft² is added.
3. Fire sprinklers shall be provided in additions to an existing building that has fire sprinklers installed.

B. Subsection 903.2.8 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

903.2.8 Group R. An automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Subsection 903.3 of Section 903 of this code and Subsection 903.3 of Section 903 of the California Building Code as amended by the City of San Clemente shall be provided throughout all buildings with a Group R fire area as follows:

1. All new Group R occupancies, including the attached garages
2. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when the total floor area is increase by 50% of the existing area over a 2-year period
3. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when the total area is increased by 750 square feet or more over a 2-year period
4. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when an additional story is added to the structure regardless of the area involved
5. An automatic sprinkler system shall be installed throughout any existing Group R Occupancy building when the floor area of the Alteration or Combination of an Addition and Alteration, within any two year period, is 50% or more of area of the existing structure and where the scope of the work exposes building framing and facilitates sprinkler installation and is such that the Building/Fire Code Official determines that the complexity of installing a sprinkler system would be similar as in a new building.
6. Any addition to existing building that has fire sprinklers installed.

Exceptions:

1. Existing Group R-3 occupancies converted to Group R-3.1 occupancies not housing bedridden clients, not housing nonambulatory clients above the first floor and not housing clients above the second floor.

2. Existing Group R-3 occupancies converted to Group R-3.1 occupancies housing only one bedridden client and complying with Section 425.8.3.3.
3. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 13113 occupancies housing ambulatory children only, none of whom are mentally ill or mentally retarded, and the buildings or portions thereof in which such children are housed are not more than two stories in height, and buildings or portions thereof housing such children have an automatic fire alarm system activated by approved smoke detectors.
4. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 13143.6 occupancies licensed for protective social care which house ambulatory clients only, none of whom is a child (under the age of 18 years), or who is elderly (65 years of age or over).

When not used in accordance with Section 504.2 or 506.3 an automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Section 903.3.1.2 shall be allowed in Group R-2.1 occupancies.

An automatic sprinkler system designed in accordance with Section 903.3.1.3 shall not be utilized in Group R-2.1 or R-4 occupancies.

- C. Subsection 903.3.1.1.1 is hereby amended by revising exempt location 4 as follows:
 4. When approved by the fire code official spaces or areas in telecommunications buildings used exclusively for telecommunications equipment, and associated electrical power distribution equipment, provided those spaces or areas are equipped throughout with an automatic smoke detection system in accordance with Section 907.2 and are separated from the remainder of the building by fire barriers consisting of not less than 1-hour fire barriers constructed in accordance with Section 707 or not less than 2-hour horizontal assemblies constructed in accordance with Section 712, or both.
- D. Subsection 903.4 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

903.4 Sprinkler system supervision and alarms. All valves controlling the water supply for automatic sprinkler systems, pumps, tanks, water levels and temperatures,

critical air pressures and water-flow switches on all sprinkler systems shall be electrically supervised by a listed fire alarm control unit.

Exceptions:

1. Automatic sprinkler systems protecting one- and two-family dwellings.
2. Limited area systems serving fewer than 20 sprinklers.
3. Jockey pump control valves that are sealed or locked in the open position.
4. Valves controlling the fuel supply to fire pump engines that are sealed or locked in the open position.
5. Trim valves to pressure switches in dry, preaction and deluge sprinkler systems that are sealed or locked in the open position.

- E. Subsection 904.3.5 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

904.3.5 Monitoring. Where a building fire alarm or monitoring system is installed, automatic fire-extinguishing systems shall be monitored by the building fire alarm or monitoring system in accordance with NFPA 72.

- F. Subsection 905.4 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

905.4 Location of Class I standpipe hose connections.

Class I standpipe hose connections shall be provided in all of the following locations:

1. In every required stairway, a hose connection shall be provided for each floor level above or below grade. Hose connections shall be located at an intermediate floor level landing between floors, unless otherwise approved by the fire code official. See Section 909.20.3.2 for additional provisions in smokeproof enclosures.
2. On each side of the wall adjacent to the exit opening of a horizontal exit.

Exception: Where floor areas adjacent to a horizontal exit are reachable from exit stairway hose connections by a nozzle attached to 100 feet (30 480 mm) of hose, as measured along the path of travel, a hose

connection shall not be required at the horizontal exit.

3. In every exit passageway, at the entrance from the exit passageway to other areas of a building.

Exception: Where floor areas adjacent to an exit passageway are reachable from exit stairway hose connections by a 30-foot (9144 mm) hose stream from a nozzle attached to 100 feet (30 480 mm) of hose, a hose connection shall not be required at the entrance from the exit passageway to other areas of the building.

4. In covered mall buildings, adjacent to each exterior public entrance to the mall and adjacent to each entrance from an exit passageway or exit corridor to the mall.
5. Where the roof has a slope less than four units vertical in 12 units horizontal (33.3-percent slope), each standpipe shall be provided with a hose connection located either on the roof or at the highest landing of a stairway with stair access to the roof. An additional hose connection shall be provided at the top of the most hydraulically remote standpipe for testing purposes.
6. Where the most remote portion of a nonsprinklered floor or story is more than 150 feet (45 720 mm) from a hose connection or the most remote portion of a sprinklered floor or story is more than 150 feet (45 720 mm) from a hose connection, the fire code official is authorized to require that additional hose connections be provided in approved locations. The distance from a hose connection shall be measured along the path of travel.
7. The centerline of the 2.5 inches (64 mm) outlet shall be no less than 18 inches (457 mm) above and no more than 24 inches (610 mm) above the finished floor.
8. Every new building with any horizontal dimensions greater than 300 feet (91 440 mm) shall be provided with either access doors or a 2.5 inches (64 mm) outlets so that all portions of the building can be reached with 150 feet (45 720 mm) of hose from an access door or hose outlet. Required access doors

shall be located in the exterior of the building and shall be accessible without the use of a ladder. The door dimensions shall be not less than 3 feet (914 mm) in width, and not less than 6 feet 8 inches (2032 mm) in height. These doors are for fire department access only.

- G. Subsection 907.2.13 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

907.2.13 High-rise buildings HAVING OCCUPIED FLOORS LOCATED MORE THAN 55 FEET ABOVE THE LOWEST LEVEL OF FIRE DEPARTMENT VEHICLE ACCESS and Group I-2 occupancies having floors located more than 75 feet above the lowest level fire department vehicle access. High-rise buildings having occupied floors located more than 55 feet above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access and Group I-2 occupancies having floors located more than 75 feet above the lowest level fire department vehicle access shall be provided with an automatic smoke detection in accordance with Section 907.2.13.1, a fire department communication system in accordance with Section 907.2.13.2 and an emergency voice/alarm communication system in accordance with Section 907.6.2.2.

Exceptions:

1. Airport traffic control towers in accordance with Section 907.2.22 and Section 412
2. Open parking garages in accordance with Section 406.3
3. Buildings with an occupancy in Group A-5 in accordance with Section 303.1
4. Low-hazard special occupancies in accordance with Section 503.1.1 of the
5. In Group I-2 and R-2.1 occupancies, the alarm shall sound at a constantly attended location and general occupant notification shall be broadcast by the emergency voice/alarm communication system

- H. Subsection 907.4.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

907.4.1 Duct smoke detectors. Smoke detectors installed in ducts shall be listed for the air velocity, temperature and humidity present in the duct. Duct smoke detectors shall be connected to the building's fire alarm control unit when a fire alarm system is installed. Activation of a duct smoke

detector shall initiate a visible and audible supervisory signal at a constantly attended location and shall perform the intended fire safety function in accordance with this code and the California Mechanical Code. Duct smoke detectors shall not be used as a substitute for required open area detection.

Exception:

In occupancies not required to be equipped with a fire alarm system, actuation of a smoke detector shall activate a visible and an audible signal in an approved location. Smoke detector trouble conditions shall activate a visible or audible signal in an approved location and shall be identified as air duct detector trouble.

- I. Subsection 907.6.2.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows.

907.6.2.2 Emergency voice/alarm communication system. Emergency voice/alarm communication system required by this code shall be designed and installed in accordance with NFPA 72. The operation of any automatic fire detector, sprinkler waterflow device or manual fire alarm box shall automatically sound an alert tone followed by voice instructions giving approved information and directions for a general or staged evacuation in accordance with the building's fire safety and evacuation plans required by Section 404. In high-rise buildings having occupied floors located more than 55 feet above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access, and Group I-2 occupancies having floors located more than 75 feet above the lowest level fire department vehicle access, the system shall operate on a minimum of the alarming floor, the floor above and the floor below. Speakers shall be provided throughout the building by paging zones. At a minimum, paging zones shall be provided as follows:

1. Elevator groups.
2. Exit stairways.
3. Each floor.
4. Areas of refuge as defined in Section 1002.1.
5. Dwelling Units in apartment houses.
6. Hotel guest rooms or suites.

Exception: In Group I-1 and R-2.1 occupancies, the alarm shall sound in a constantly attended area and a

general occupant notification shall be broadcast over the overhead page.

- J. Subsection 907.7.3.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

907.7.3.2 High-rise buildings. High-rise buildings having occupied floors located more than 55 feet above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access and Group I-2 occupancies having floors located more than 75 feet above the lowest level fire department vehicle access, a separate zone by floor shall be provided for all of the following types of alarm-initiating devices where provided:

1. Smoke detectors.
2. Sprinkler waterflow devices.
3. Manual fire alarm boxes
4. Other approved types of automatic detection devices or suppression systems.

- K. Subsection 910.3.2.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

910.3.2.2 Sprinklered buildings. Where installed in buildings equipped with an approved automatic sprinkler system, smoke and heat vents shall be designed to operate automatically by actuation of a heat-responsive device rated at least 100° F above the operating temperature of the sprinkler.

8.16.110 Chapter 11 amended – Aviation Facilities

Chapter 11 – Aviation Facilities is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 1102.1 is hereby amended by adding the following definitions:

APPROACH-DEPARTURE PATH. The flight path of the helicopter as it approaches or departs from the landing pad.

EMERGENCY HELICOPTER LANDING FACILITY (EHLF). A landing area on the roof of a building that is not intended to function as a heliport or helistop but is capable of accommodating fire or medical helicopters engaged in emergency operations.

SAFETY AREA. A defined area surrounding the landing pad which is free of obstructions.

TAKEOFF AND LANDING AREA. The combination of the landing pad centered within the surrounding safety area.

- B. A new Section 1108 is hereby added to Chapter 11 to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 1108
EMERGENCY HELICOPTER LANDING FACILITY
(EHLF)**

1108.1 General. Every building of any type of construction or occupancy having floors used for human occupancy located more than 75 ft above the lowest level of the fire department vehicle access shall have a rooftop emergency helicopter landing facility (EHLF) in a location approved by the fire code official for use by fire, police, and emergency medical helicopters only.

1108.1.1 Rooftop Landing Pad. The landing pad shall be 50 ft. x 50 ft. or a 50 ft. diameter circle that is pitched or sloped to provide drainage away from access points and passenger holding areas at a slope of 0.5 percent to 2 percent. The landing pad surface shall be constructed of approved non-combustible, nonporous materials. It shall be capable of supporting a helicopter with a maximum gross weight of 15,000 lbs. For structural design requirements, see California Building Code.

1108.1.2 Approach-Departure Path. The emergency helicopter landing facility shall have two approach-departure paths separated from each other by at least 90 degrees. No objects shall penetrate above the approach-departure paths. The approach-departure path begins at the edge of the landing pad, with the same width or diameter as the landing pad and is a rising slope extending outward and upward at a ratio of eight feet horizontal distance for every one foot of vertical height.

1108.1.3 Safety Area. The safety area is a horizontal plane level with the landing pad surface and shall extend 25 ft in all directions from the edge of the landing pad. No objects shall penetrate above the plane of the safety area.

1108.1.4 Safety Net. If the rooftop landing pad is elevated more than 30 in. (2'-6") above the adjoining surfaces, a 6 ft in wide horizontal safety net capable of supporting 25 lbs/psf shall be provided around the perimeter of the landing pad. The inner edge of the safety net attached to the landing pad shall be slightly dropped (greater than 5 in. but less than 18 in.) below the pad elevation. The safety net shall slope upward but the outer safety net edge shall not be above the elevation of the landing pad.

1108.1.5 Take-off and Landing Area. The takeoff and landing area shall be free of obstructions and 100 ft x 100 ft. or 100 ft. diameter.

1108.1.6 Wind Indicating Device. An approved wind indicating device shall be provided but shall not extend into the safety area or the approach-departure paths.

1108.1.7 Special Markings. The emergency helicopter landing facility shall be marked as indicated in Figure 1108.1.7

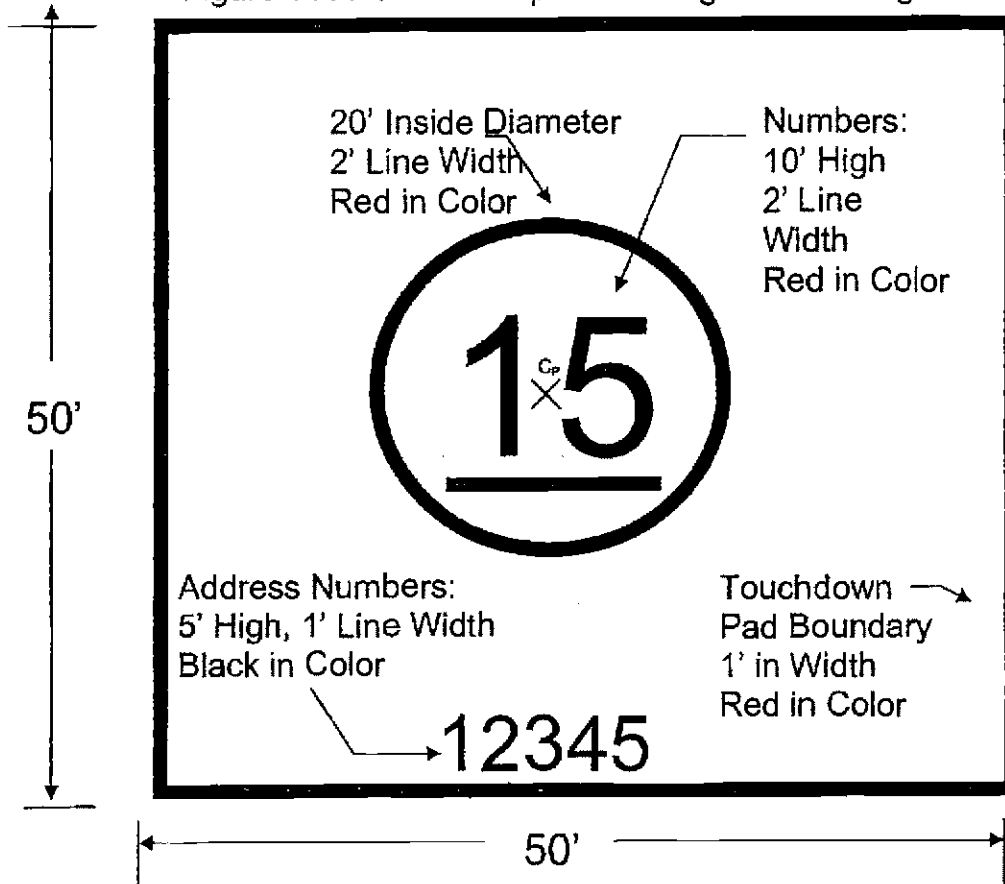
1108.1.8 EHLF Exits. Two stairway exits shall be provided from the landing platform area to the roof surface. For landing areas less than 2,501 square feet in area, the second exit may be a fire escape or ladder leading to the roof surface below. The stairway from the landing facility platform to the floor below shall comply with CFC 1009.4.2 for riser height and tread depth. Handrails shall be provided, but shall not extend above the platform surface.

1108.1.9 Standpipe systems. The standpipe system shall be extended to the roof level on which the EHLF is located. All portions of the EHLF area shall be within 150 feet of a 2.5-inch outlet on a Class I or III standpipe.

1108.1.10 Fire extinguishers. A minimum of one portable fire extinguisher having a minimum 80-B:C rating shall be provided and located near the stairway or ramp to the landing pad. The fire extinguisher cabinets shall not penetrate the approach-departure paths, or the safety area. Installation, inspection, and maintenance of extinguishers shall be in accordance with the CFC, Section 906.

1108.1.11 EHLF. Fueling, maintenance, repairs, or storage of helicopters is prohibited.

Figure 1108.1.7 Helicopter Landing Pad Markings



1. The preferred background is white or tan.
2. The circled, red numbers indicate the allowable weight that the facility is capable of supporting in thousands of pounds.
3. The numbers shall be oriented towards the preferred flight (typically facing the prevailing wind).

8.16.120 Chapter 19 amended -- Lumber Yards and Woodworking Facilities

Chapter 19 -- Lumber Yards and Woodworking Facilities is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 1901.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

1901.2 Permit. Permits shall be required as set forth in Section 105.6. For Miscellaneous Combustible Storage Permit, see Section 105.6.29.

- B. Subsection 1908.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

1908.1 General. The storage and processing of more than 400 cubic feet of wood chips, hogged materials, fines, compost, green waste, and raw product produced from yard waste, debris and recycling facilities shall comply with Sections 1908.2 through 1908.10.

- C. Subsection 1908.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

1908.2 Storage site. Storage sites shall be level and on solid ground or other all-weather surface. Sites shall be thoroughly cleaned and approval from fire code official is obtained before transferring products to the site.

- D. The first sentence of Subsection 1908.3 is hereby amended as follows:

1908.3 Size of piles. Piles shall not exceed 15 feet (4572 mm) in height, 50 feet (15 240 mm) in width and 100 feet (30 480 mm) in length. *(Balance of the section to remain unchanged)*

- E. Subsection 1908.7 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

1908.7 Pile fire protection. Automatic sprinkler protection shall be provided in conveyor tunnels and combustible enclosures that pass under a pile. Combustible conveyor systems and enclosed conveyor systems shall be equipped with an approved automatic sprinkler system. Oscillating sprinklers with a sufficient projectile reach are required to maintain a 40% to 60% moisture content and wet down burning/smoldering areas.

- F. Subsection 1908.9 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

1908.9 Material-handling equipment. All material handling equipment operated by an internal combustion engine shall be provided and maintained with an approved

spark arrester. Approved material-handling equipment shall be available for moving wood chips, hogged material, wood fines and raw product during fire-fighting operations.

8.16.130 Chapter 23 amended -- High-Piled Combustible Storage

Chapter 23 -- High-Piled Combustible Storage is hereby amended as follows:

A. Subsection 2308.3 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

2308.3 Flue spaces. Flue spaces shall be provided in accordance with Table 2308.3. Required flue spaces shall be maintained. In double-row racks a pallet/commodity stop shall be provided along the longitudinal flue space at each level. The stop shall be steel or other ferrous material ¼ inch thick and in the mounted position shall extend a minimum of 4 inches above the shelf or cross member, or other method approved by fire code official. In double row racks and where products are hand-stacked chain link shall be securely attached to the rear of both racks. Chain link shall be a minimum of 12 gauge. Attachment method shall be in compliance with Figure 2308.3 or other methods as approved by the fire code official.

Table 2308.3 Required Flue Spaces for Rack Storage is hereby revised as follows:

TABLE 2308.3: REQUIRED FLUE SPACES FOR RACK STORAGE

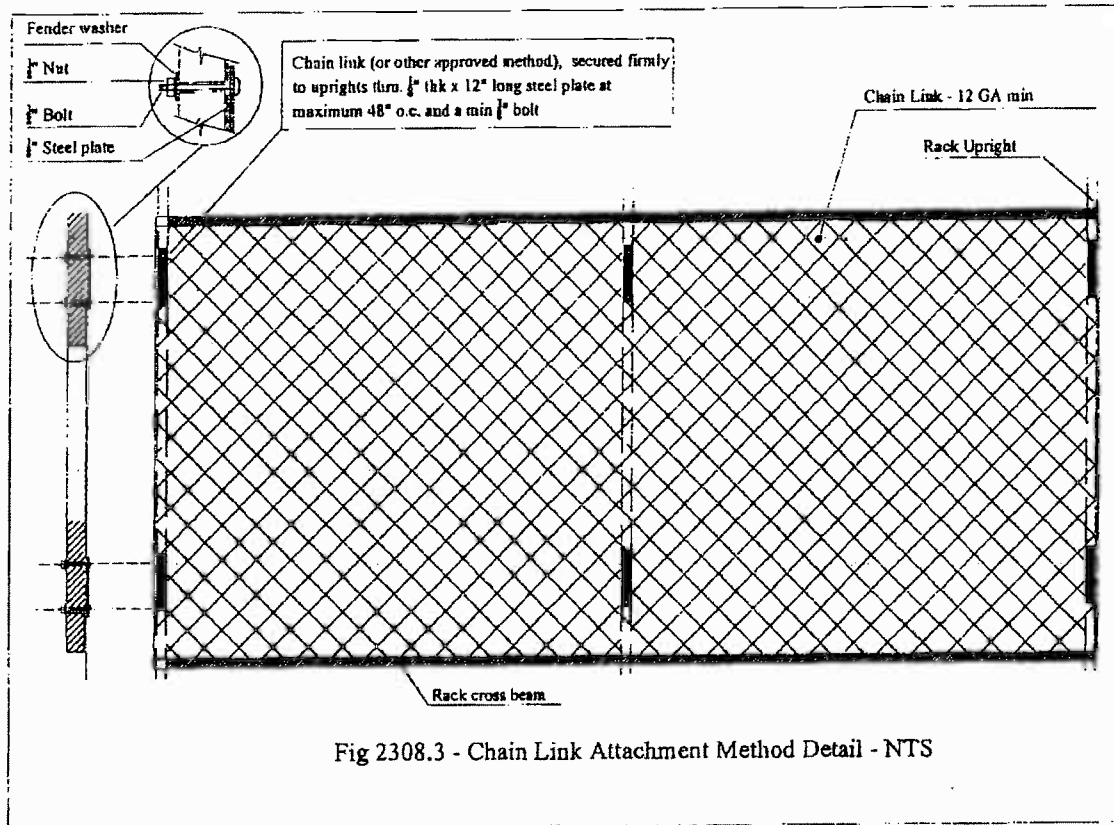
RACK CONFIGURATION	FIRE SPRINKLER PROTECTION		SPRINKLER AT THE CEILING WITH OR WITHOUT MINIMUM IN-RACK SPRINKLERS		IN-RACK SPRINKLERS AT EVERY TIER	NON-SPRINKLERED
	Storage Height		≤ 25 feet		> 25 feet	Any Height
			Option 1	Option 2		
Single-row Rack	Transverse Flue Space	Size ^b	3 inch	NA	3 inch	NR
		Vertically Aligned	NR	NA	Yes	NA
	Longitudinal Flue Space		NR	NA	NR	NR
Double-row Rack	Transverse Flue Space	Size ^b	6 inch ^{a,c}	3 inch	3 inch	NR
		Vertically Aligned	NR	NR	Yes	NA
	Longitudinal Flue Space		NR	6 inch	6 inch	NR
Multi-row Rack	Transverse Flue Space	Size ^b	6 inch ^c	NA	6 inch	NR
		Vertically Aligned	NR	NA	Yes	NA
	Longitudinal Flue Space		NR	NA	NR	NR

NR = "not required." NA means "not applicable."

^a Three-inch transverse flue spaces shall be provided at least every 10 feet where ESFR sprinkler protection is provided.

^b Random variations are allowed, provided that the configuration does not obstruct water penetration.

^c Transverse flue space shall be maintained by mechanical means as approved.



8.16.140 Chapter 27 amended -- Hazardous Materials -- General Provisions

Chapter 27 -- Hazardous Materials -- General Provisions is hereby amended as follows:

- A. The first paragraph of Subsection 2701.5.2 is hereby amended to read as following:

2701.5.2 Hazardous Materials Inventory Statement (HMIS). When required by the *fire code official*, an application for a permit shall include Orange County Fire Authority's Chemical Classification Packet which shall be completed and approved prior to approval of plans, and/or the storage, use or handling of chemicals on the premises. The HMIS shall include the following information:
(Balance of the section to remain unchanged)

- B. Table 2703.1.1(1) is hereby amended by deleting Footnote k without replacement.

- C. A new Subsection 2703.1.1.1 is hereby added to Section 2703 to read in its entirety as follows:

2703.1.1.1 Extremely Hazardous Substances. No person shall use or store any amount of extremely hazardous substances (EHS) in excess of the disclosable amounts (see Health and Safety Code Section 25500 et al) in a residential zoned or any residentially developed property.

- D. Subsection 2703.5 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

2703.5 Hazard identification signs. Unless otherwise exempted by the fire code official, visible hazard identification signs as specified in the Orange County Fire Authority Signage Guidelines for the specific material contained shall be placed on stationary containers and above-ground tanks and at entrances to locations where hazardous materials are stored, dispensed, used or handled in quantities requiring a permit and at specific entrances and locations designated by the fire code official.

8.16.150 Chapter 32 amended -- Cryogenic Fluids

Chapter 32 -- Cryogenic Fluids is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 3203.4.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

3203.4.1 Identification signs. Visible hazard identification signs in accordance with the Orange County Fire Authority Signage Guidelines shall be provided at entrances to buildings or areas in which cryogenic fluids are stored, handled or used.

8.16.160 Chapter 33 amended -- Explosives and Fireworks

Chapter 33 -- Explosives and Fireworks is hereby amended as follows:

- A. A new Subsection 3301.2 is hereby added to Section 3301 to read in its entirety as follows:

3301.2 Retail Fireworks. The storage, use, sale, possession, and handling of fireworks 1.4G (commonly referred to as Safe & Sane) and fireworks 1.3G is prohibited.

Exception. Fireworks 1.4G and fireworks 1.3G may be part of an electrically fired public display when permitted and conducted by a licensed pyrotechnic operator.

- B. A new Subsection 3301.3 is hereby added to Section 3301 to read in its entirety as follows:

3301.3 Seizure of Fireworks. The fire code official shall have the authority to seize, take, remove and fireworks stored, sold, offered for sale, used or handled in violation of the provisions of Title 19 CCR, Chapter 6. Any seizure or removal pursuant to this section shall be in compliance with all applicable statutory, constitutional, and decisional law.

- C. Subsection 3308.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

3308.1 GENERAL. Outdoor fireworks displays, use of pyrotechnics before proximity audience and pyrotechnic special effects in theatrical, and group entertainment productions, shall comply with California Code of Regulations, Title 19, Division 1, Chapter 6 – Fireworks, the Orange County Fire Authority Guidelines for Public Fireworks Displays, and with the conditions of the permit as approved by the fire code official.

- D. A new Subsection 3308.2 is hereby added to Section 3308 to read in its entirety as follows:

3308.2 Firing. All fireworks displays shall be electrically fired.

8.16.170 Chapter 34 amended -- Flammable and Combustible Liquids

Chapter 34 -- Flammable and Combustible Liquids is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 3404.2.3.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

3404.2.3.2 Label or placard. Tanks more than 100 gallons in capacity, which are permanently installed or mounted and used for the storage of Class I, II or III liquids, shall bear a label and placard identifying the

material therein. Placards shall be in accordance with the Orange County Fire Authority Signage Guidelines.

Exceptions:

1. Tanks of 300-gallon (1136 L) capacity or less located on private property and used for heating and cooking fuels in single family dwellings.
2. Tanks located underground.

8.16.180 Chapter 37 amended -- Highly Toxic and Toxic Materials

Chapter 37 -- Highly Toxic and Toxic Materials is hereby amended as follows:

The exception in Subsection 3704.2.2.7 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

Exception:

1. Toxic gases – storage/use. Treatment systems are not required for toxic gases supplied by cylinders or portable tanks not exceeding 1,700 pounds (772 Kg) water capacity when the following are provided:
 - 1.1 A listed or approved gas detection system with a sensing interval not exceeding 5 minutes.
 - 1.2 For storage, valve outlets are equipped with gas-tight outlet plugs or caps.
 - 1.3 For use, an approved listed or approved automatic-closing fail-safe valve located immediately adjacent to cylinder valves. The fail-safe valve shall close when gas is detected at the permissible exposure limit (PEL) by a gas detection system monitoring the exhaust system at the point of discharge from the gas cabinet, exhausted enclosure, ventilated enclosure or gas room. The gas detection system shall comply with Section 3704.2.2.10.

8.16.190 Chapter 45 amended -- Marinas

Chapter 45 -- Marinas is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Section 4503.7 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

4503.7 Slip identification. Slips and mooring spaces shall be individually identified by an approved numeric or alphabetic designator. Space designators shall be posted at the space. Signs indicating the space designators located on

finger piers and floats shall be posted at the base of all piers, finger piers, floats and finger floats. A monument sign shall be installed at each gate designating slip and mooring spaces in contrasting colors.

- B. A new Subsection 4504.2.2 is hereby added to Section 4504 to read in its entirety as follows:

4504.2.2 All standpipes exposed to the outside elements shall be painted for corrosion protection.

Exception: Stainless Steel (316 Grade) Standpipes

8.16.200 Chapter 46 amended -- Construction Requirements for Existing Buildings

Chapter 46 -- Construction Requirements for Existing Buildings is hereby amended as follows:

Only Sections 4606, and Subsections 4603.6, 4603.6.3, 4603.6.3.1, 4603.6.8 through 4603.6.8.2, 4603.6.9 through 4603.6.9.10, and 4603.7 through 4603.7.5.3 of Chapter 46 are hereby adopted. Other sections of Chapter 46 are hereby deleted without replacement.

8.16.210 Chapter 47 amended -- Referenced Standards

The Referenced Standards in Chapter 47 are hereby amended as follows:

- A. **NFPA 13, 2010 Edition, Installation of Sprinkler Systems** is hereby amended as follows:

- 1. Section 6.8.3 is hereby revised as follows:

6.8.3 Fire department connections (FDC) shall be of an approved type. The FDC shall contain a minimum of two 2 ½" inlets. The location shall be approved and be no more than 150 feet from a public hydrant. The size of piping and the number of inlets shall be approved by the chief. If acceptable to the water authority, it may be installed on the backflow assembly. Fire department inlet connections shall be painted OSHA safety red. When the fire sprinkler density design requires 500 gpm (including inside hose stream demand) or greater, or a standpipe system is included, four 2 ½" inlets shall be provided. FDC may be located within

150 feet of a private fire hydrant when approved by the chief.

2. Section 8.3.3.1 is hereby revised as follows:

8.3.3.1. When fire sprinkler systems are installed in shell buildings of undetermined use (Spec Buildings) other than warehouses (S occupancies), fire sprinklers of the quick-response type shall be used. Use is considered undetermined if a specific tenant/occupant is not identified at the time the permit is issued. Sprinklers in light hazard occupancies shall be one of the following:

- 1) Quick-response type as defined in 3.6.4.7.
- 2) Residential sprinklers in accordance with the requirements of 8.4.5.
- 3) Standard-response sprinklers used for modifications or additions to existing light hazard systems equipped with standard-response sprinklers.
- 4) Standard-response sprinklers used where individual standard-response sprinklers are replaced in existing light hazard systems.

3. Section 8.17.1.1.1 is hereby added as follows:

8.17.1.1.1 Residential Waterflow Alarms. A local water-flow alarms shall be provided on all sprinkler systems and shall be connected to the building fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system where provided. Group R occupancies not requiring a fire alarm system by the California Fire Code shall be provided with a minimum of one approved interior alarm device in each unit. Sound levels in all sleeping areas shall be a minimum of 15 DBA above the average ambient sound or a minimum of 75 DBA with all intervening doors closed. Alarms shall be audible within all other living areas within each dwelling unit. When not connected to a fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system, audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

4. Section 8.17.2.4.6 is hereby revised as follows:

8.17.2.4.6 Fire department connections shall be on the street side of buildings and shall be located and arranged so that they are immediately adjacent to the approved fire department access road and that hose lines can be readily and conveniently attached to the inlets without interference from nearby objects including buildings, fence, posts, or other fire department connections.

5. Section 11.1.1.2 is hereby added as follows:

11.1.1.2 When fire sprinkler systems are required in buildings of undetermined use other than warehouses, they shall be designed and installed to have a fire sprinkler density of not less than that required for an Ordinary Hazard Group 2 use, with no reduction/s in density or design area. Warehouse fire sprinkler systems shall be designed to Figure 16.2.1.3.2 (d) curve "G". Use is considered undetermined if a specific tenant/occupant is not identified at the time the permit is issued. Where a subsequent occupancy requires a system with greater capability, it shall be the responsibility of the occupant to upgrade the system to the required density for the new occupancy.

6. Section 11.2.3.1.1.1 is hereby added as follows:

11.2.3.1.1.1 The available water supply for fire sprinkler system design shall be determined by one of the following methods, as approved by the Fire Code Official:

- 1) Subtract the project site elevation from the low water level for the appropriate pressure zone and multiplying the result by 0.433;
- 2) Use a maximum of 40 psi, if available;
- 3) Utilize the Orange County Fire Authority water-flow test form/directions to document a flow test conducted by the local water agency or a professional engineer licensed in the State of California. The result shall be adjusted in accordance with the graduated scaled found in the guideline.

7. Section 22.1.3 (43) is hereby revised as follows:

Section 22.1.3 (43) Size and location of hydrants, showing size and number of outlets and if outlets are to be equipped with independent gate valves. Whether hose houses and equipment are to be provided, and by whom, shall be indicated. Static and residual hydrants that were used in the flow tests shall be shown. Flow test shall be completed within six months of the plan submittal to the authority having jurisdiction.

B. NFPA 13R 2010 Edition Installation of Sprinkler System in Residential Occupancies up to and Including Four Stories in Height is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 6.16.1 is hereby revised as follows:

6.16.1 A local water-flow alarms shall be provided on all sprinkler systems and shall be connected to the building fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system where provided. Group R occupancies containing less than the number of stories, dwelling units or occupant load specified in Section 907.2.8 of the 2010 California Fire Code as requiring a fire alarm system shall be provided with a minimum of one approved interior alarm device in each unit. Sound levels in all sleeping areas shall be a minimum of 15 dBA above the average ambient sound or a minimum of 75 dBA with all intervening doors closed. Alarms shall be audible within all other living areas within each dwelling unit. When not connected to a fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system, audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

There shall also be a minimum of one exterior alarm indicating device, listed for outside service and audible from the access roadway that serves that building.

2. Section 6.6.6 is hereby revised as follows:

Section 6.6.6 Sprinklers shall not be required in penthouse equipment rooms, elevator machine rooms, concealed spaces dedicated exclusively to containing only dwelling unit ventilation equipment, crawl spaces, floor/ceiling spaces,

noncombustible elevator shafts where the elevator cars comply with ANSI A17.1, Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators, and other concealed spaces that are not used or intended for living purposes or storage and do not contain fuel fired equipment.

3. Section 6.6.9 is hereby added as follows:

6.6.9 Sprinklers shall not be required in attics that are not located over dwelling units. When attics are separated by unit, each unit's attic space may be protected per NFPA 13D Section 8.6.4.2. All other attics shall be protected per NFPA 13.

C. **NFPA 13D 2010 Edition Installation of Sprinkler Systems in One and Two-Family Dwellings and Manufactured Homes** is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 4.1.5 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5 Stock of Spare Sprinklers.

2. Section 4.1.5.1 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.1 A supply of at least two sprinklers for each type shall be maintained on the premises so that any sprinklers that have operated or been damaged in any way can be promptly replaced.

3. Section 4.1.5.2 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.2 The sprinklers shall correspond to the types and temperature ratings of the sprinklers in the property.

4. Section 4.1.5.3 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.3 The sprinklers shall be kept in a cabinet located where the temperature to which they are subjected will at no time exceed 100 °F (38°C).

5. Section 4.1.5.4 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.4 A special sprinkler wrench shall be provided and kept in the cabinet to be used in the removal and installation of sprinklers. One sprinkler wrench

shall be provided for each type of sprinkler installed.

6. Section 7.1.2 is hereby revised as follows:

7.1.2 The system piping shall not have a separate control valve unless supervised by a central station, proprietary or remote station alarm service.

7. Section 7.3.1 is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:

7.3.1 At least one water pressure gauge shall be installed on the riser assembly.

8. Section 7.6 is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:

7.6 Alarms Exterior alarm indicating device shall be listed for outside service and audible from the street from which the house is addressed. Exterior audible devices shall be placed on the front or side of the structure and the location subject to final approval by the fire code official. Additional interior alarm devices shall be required to provide audibility throughout the structure. Sound levels in all sleeping areas with all intervening doors closed shall be a minimum of 15 dBA above the average ambient sound level but not less than 75 dBA. Audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

Exception:

1. When an approved water flow monitoring system is installed, interior audible devices may be powered through the fire alarm control panel.
2. When smoke detectors specified under CBC Section 310.9 are used to sound an alarm upon waterflow switch activation.

9. Section 8.6.4.2 is hereby added as follows:

8.6.4.2 All attics shall be protected with an intermediate temperature quick response sprinkler which shall be located to protect attic penetrations

created by the access scuttles or mechanical equipment.

D. **NFPA 14, 2007 Edition, Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems** is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 6.4.5.4.1 is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:

6.4.5.4.1 The fire department connection shall have a minimum of two 2 ½ inches, internal threaded (NHS) inlets. Additional inlets shall be provided on a 250 GPM per inlet ratio to meet the system demand. The inlets shall be provided with approved caps to protect the system from entry of debris. The location of the FDC shall be approved and be no more than 150 feet from a public hydrant. If acceptable to the water authority, it may be installed on the backflow assembly. Fire department inlet connections shall be painted OSHA safety red.

2. Section 7.3.1.1 is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:

7.3.1.1 Hose Connection Height Class I and III Standpipe hose connections shall be unobstructed and shall be located not less than 18 inches, or more than 24 inches above the finished floor. Class II Standpipe hose connections shall be unobstructed and shall be located not less than 3 feet or more than 5 feet above the finished floor.

E. **NFPA 24, 2010 Edition, Installation of Private Fire Service Mains and Their Appurtenances** is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 5.9.1.3 is hereby revised as follows:

5.9.1.3 The fire department connection shall be of an approved type and contain a minimum of two 2 ½ inch inlets. The location shall be approved and be no more than 150 feet from a public fire hydrant. If acceptable to the water authority, it may be installed on the backflow assembly. The supply pipe shall be painted OSHA safety red.

2. Section 5.9.1.3.1 is hereby added as follows:

5.9.1.3.1 When the sprinkler density design is 500 gpm (including the interior hose stream demand) or greater, or a standpipe system is included, four 2 ½" inlets shall be provided.

3. Section 5.9.1.3.2 is hereby added as follows:

5.9.1.3.2 The fire department connection (FDC) may be located within 150 feet of a private fire hydrant provided the FDC connects down-stream of an aboveground sprinkler system check valve.

4. Section 6.2.1.1 is hereby added as follows:

6.2.1.1 The closest upstream indicating valve to the riser shall be painted OSHA red.

5. Section 6.2.11 (5) is hereby deleted without replacement.

6. Section 6.2.11 (6) is hereby revised as follows:

6.2.11 (5) Control valves in a one-hour fire-rated room accessible from the exterior.

7. Section 6.2.11 (7) is hereby deleted without replacement.

8. Section 6.3.3 is hereby added as follows:

Section 6.3.3 All post indicator valves controlling fire suppression water supplies shall be painted OSHA red.

9. Section 10.1.6.3 is hereby added as follows:

10.1.6.3 All ferrous pipe shall be coated and wrapped. Joints shall be coated and wrapped after assembly. All fittings shall be protected with a loose 8-mil polyethylene tube. The ends of the tube shall extend past the joint by a minimum of 12 inches and be sealed with 2 inch wide tape approved for underground use. Galvanizing does not meet the requirements of this section.

Exception: 316 Stainless Steel pipe and fittings.

10. Section 10.3.5.2 is hereby revised as follows:

10.3.5.2 All bolted joint accessories shall be cleaned and thoroughly coated with asphalt or other corrosion-retarding material, prior to poly-tube, and after installation.

11. Section 10.3.5.3 is hereby added as follows:

10.3.5.3 All bolts used in pipe-joint assembly shall be 316 stainless steel.

12. Section 10.6.3.1 is hereby revised as follows:

10.6.3.1 Where fire service mains enter the building adjacent to the foundation, the pipe may run under a building to a maximum of 18 inches, as measured from the interior of the exterior wall. The pipe under the building or building foundation shall be 316 stainless steel and shall not contain mechanical joints or comply with 10.6.2.

13. Section 10.6.5 is hereby revised as follows:

10.6.5 Pipe Joints shall not be located under foundation footings. The pipe under the building or building foundation shall be 316 stainless steel and shall not contain mechanical joints.

F. NFPA 72, 2010 Edition National Fire Alarm Code

1. Section 14.2.1.2.3 is hereby revised as follows:

14.2.1.2.3 If a defect or malfunction is not corrected at the conclusion of system inspection, testing, or maintenance, the system owner or the owner' designated representative and fire code official shall be informed of the impairment in writing within 24 hours.

2. Section 23.8.2 Fire Alarm Control Units is revised as follows:

23.8.2.2 Except as permitted in 23.8.2.3, the fire alarm systems components shall be permitted to

share control equipment or shall be able to operate as stand-alone subsystems, but in any case, they shall be arranged to function as a single system and send a single signal to a central, remote, or proprietary station.

3. Section 23.8.2.3 is hereby deleted without replacement.

4. Section 26.2.3.1 is hereby amended by modifying the start paragraph as follows:

26.2.3.1 Supervising station customers or clients and the fire code official shall be notified in writing within 7 days of any scheduled change in service that results in signals from their property being handled by a different supervising station facility.

8.16.220 Chapter 49 amended -- Requirements For Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Areas

Chapter 49 -- Requirements For Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Areas is hereby amended as follows:

A. Subsection 4906.3 is hereby amended by adding a no. 5 to the end of section as follows:

5. OCFA Vegetation Management Guideline.

B. A new Section 4908 is hereby added to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 4908
FUEL MODIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR
NEW CONSTRUCTION**

4908.1 Fuel Modification Requirements for New Construction. All new buildings to be built or installed in hazardous fire areas shall comply with the following:

1. Preliminary fuel modification plans shall be submitted to and approved by the fire code official concurrent with the submittal for approval of any tentative map.
2. Final fuel modification plans shall be submitted to and approved by the fire code official prior to the issuance of a grading permit.

3. The fuel modification plans shall meet the criteria set forth in the Fuel Modification Section of the Orange County Fire Authority Vegetation Management Guidelines.
4. The fuel modification plan may be altered if conditions change. Any alterations to the fuel modification areas shall have prior approved by the fire code official.
5. All elements of the fuel modification plan shall be maintained in accordance with the approved plan and are subject to the enforcement process outlined in the Fire Code.

- C. A new Section 4909 is hereby added to read in its entirety as follows:

**SECTION 4909
EXPLOSIVES AND BLASTING**

4909 Explosives and Blasting. Explosives shall not be possessed, kept, stored, sold, offered for sale, given away, used, discharged, transported or disposed of within wildland-urban interface areas, or hazardous fire areas except by permit from the fire code official.

8.16.230 Appendix B amended - Fire Flow Requirements for Buildings

Appendix B -- Fire Flow Requirements for Buildings is hereby adopted with the following modifications:

- A. Subsection B105.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

B105.1 One- and two-family dwellings. The minimum fire-flow and flow duration requirements for one- and two-family dwellings having a fire-flow calculation area that does not exceed 3,600 square feet (344.5m²) shall be 1,000 gallons per minute (3785.4 L/min) for 1 hour. Fire-flow and flow duration for dwellings having a fire-flow calculation area in excess of 3,600 square feet (344.5m²) shall not be less than that specified in Table B105.1.

Exception: When the building is equipped with an approved automatic sprinkler system, the fire flow requirements of Table B105.1 are reduced by 50%.

provided that the resulting fire flow is not less than 1,000 gallons per minute (3785.4 L/min) for 1 hour.

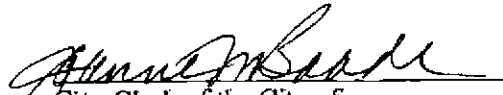
Section 2. The amendments to the California Fire Code listed herein have been adopted pursuant to Public Resource Code Section 4117 and Health and Safety Code Section 18941.5 and have been justified by the local conditions prevalent in the City of San Clemente as more particularly described in City Council Resolution No. 10-81, incorporated herein by this reference as if set forth in full.

Section 3. If any portion of this Ordinance, or the application of any such provision to any person or circumstance, shall be held invalid, the remainder of this Ordinance to the extent it can be given effect, of the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby, and to this extent the provisions of this Ordinance are severable.


Section 4. The City Clerk shall certify to the passage of this Ordinance and cause the same to be published as required by law and the same shall take effect as provided by law.

APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 16 day of November, 2010.

ATTEST:



City Clerk of the City of
San Clemente, California



Mayor of the City of San
Clemente, California

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
COUNTY OF ORANGE) ss.
CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE)

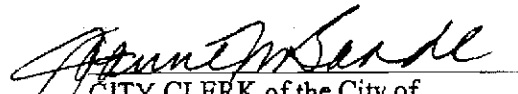
I, JOANNE BAADE, City Clerk of the City of San Clemente, California, hereby certify that Ordinance No. 1523 having been regularly introduced at the meeting of November 4, 2010, was again introduced, the reading in full thereof unanimously waived, and duly passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council held on the 16 day of November, 2010, and said ordinance was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: ANDERSON, BAKER, DONCHAK, EGGLESTON, MAYOR DAHL

NOES: NONE

ABSENT: NONE

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of the City of San Clemente, California, this 18TH day of Nov., 2010.



CITY CLERK of the City of
San Clemente, California

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

/s/ Jeff Oderman

CITY ATTORNEY





ORDINANCE NO. 1522

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE, CALIFORNIA, AMENDING CHAPTERS 15.08, 15.12, 15.16, AND 15.20; AND ADDING CHAPTERS 15.21, AND 15.22 OF TITLE 15 OF THE SAN CLEMENTE MUNICIPAL CODE ADOPTING BUILDING REGULATIONS

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE HEREBY ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 15.08 of the San Clemente Municipal Code is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

Chapter 15.08 BUILDING CODE

- 15.08.010 Building Code Adopted – Where filed.
- 15.08.020 Division II of Chapter 1 amended — Administration.
- 15.08.030 Chapter 4 amended — Special Detailed Requirements Based on Use and Occupancy.
- 15.08.040 Chapter 9 amended — Fire Protection Systems.
- 15.08.050 Chapter 15 amended — Roof Assemblies and Rooftop Structures.
- 15.08.060 Chapter 31 amended — Special Construction.
- 15.08.070 Chapter 34 amended — Existing Structures.
- 15.08.080 Chapter 35 amended — Referenced Standards (NFPA 13, NFPA 13R, NFPA 13D, NFPA 14, NFPA 24, NFPA 72).
- 15.08.090 Construction of Off-Street Parking Lots.

Section 15.08.010 Building Code Adopted – Where filed.

For the purpose of prescribing regulations for erection, construction, enlargement, alteration, replacement, repair, improvement, removal, movement, conversion, demolition, use and occupancy, equipment, height, location, maintenance, and areas of every building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such building or structure in the City, the following construction codes, subject to the modifications set forth in this Chapter, are hereby adopted: California Building Code (CBC), 2010 Edition, based on the 2009 International Building Code as published by the International Code Council, including Appendix I; California Administrative Code, 2010 Edition; California Energy Code, 2010 Edition; California Historical Building Code, 2010 Edition; California Existing Building Code,

2010 Edition; and California Referenced Standards Code, 2010 Edition. The provisions of these codes, as modified in this Chapter, shall constitute the building regulations of the City. A copy of these codes is on file for public examination in the City's Building Division office.

15.08.020 Division II of Chapter 1 amended — Administration.

Division II of Chapter 1 of CBC is hereby amended as follows:

A. Subsection 101.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

101.2 Scope. The provisions of this code shall apply to the construction, alteration, movement, enlargement, replacement, repair, equipment, use and occupancy, location, maintenance, removal and demolition of every building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings or structures.

Exception: Detached one- and two-family dwellings and multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) not more than three stories above grade plane in height with a separate means of egress and their accessory structures shall comply with the California Residential Code.

The provisions of these codes shall apply to and affect all of the territory of the City of San Clemente, except work located primarily in a public way, public utility towers and poles, mechanical equipment not specifically regulated in these codes, hydraulic flood control structures, facilities for the production, generation, storage or transmission of water or electrical energy by a local agency, and except as exempted by these codes.

B. Subsection 101.4. is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

101.4 Referenced codes. The other codes listed in Sections 101.4.1 through 101.4.7 and referenced elsewhere in this code shall be considered part of the requirements of this code to the prescribed extent of each such reference.

- C. Subsection 101.4.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

101.4.1 Gas. The provisions of the California Plumbing Code shall apply to the installation of gas piping from the point of delivery, gas appliances and related accessories as covered in this code. These requirements apply to gas piping systems extending from the point of delivery to the inlet connections of appliances and the installation and operation of residential and commercial gas appliances and related accessories.

- D. Subsection 101.4.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

101.4.2 Mechanical. The provisions of the California Mechanical Code shall apply to the installation, alteration, repair, and replacement of mechanical systems, including equipment, appliances, fixtures, fittings and/or appurtenances, including ventilating, heating, cooling, air conditioning and refrigeration systems, incinerators and other energy-related systems.

- E. Subsection 101.4.3 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

101.4.3 Plumbing. The provisions of the California Plumbing Code shall apply to the installation, alteration, repair and replacement of plumbing systems, including equipment, appliances, fixtures, fittings and appurtenances, and where connected to a water or sewage system and all aspects of a medical gas system. The provisions of the International Private Sewage Disposal Code shall apply to private sewage disposal systems.

- F. Subsection 101.4.4 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

101.4.4 Property Maintenance. The provisions of the Housing Code as adopted by the City shall apply to existing structures, and premises; equipment and facilities; light, ventilation, space heating, sanitation, life and fire safety hazards; responsibilities of owners, operators and occupants; and occupancy of existing premises and structures.

- G. Subsection 101.4.5 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

101.4.5 Fire prevention. The provisions of the California Fire Code shall apply to matters affecting or relating to structures, processes and premises from the hazard of fire and explosion arising from the storage, handling or use of structures, materials or devices; from conditions hazardous to life, property of public welfare in the occupancy of structures or premises; and from the construction, extension, repair, alteration or removal of fire suppression and alarm systems of fire hazards in the structure or on the premises from occupancy or operation.

- H. A new Subsection 101.4.7 is hereby added to Section 101 to read in its entirety as follows:

101.4.7 Electrical. The provisions of the California Electrical Code shall apply to the installation, alteration, repair and replacement of electrical wiring, connections, fixtures and other devices and systems.

- I. Subsection 105.2 is hereby amended by deleting items 1 through 13 under the heading "Building" and replacing them with the following:

Building:

1. One-story detached accessory buildings used as tool and storage sheds, playhouses and similar uses and structures such as portable shade cloth structures, provided the floor area does not exceed 120 square feet (11 m²). Such structures must comply with the setback and height requirements of the City Zoning Ordinance and the Fire Code.
2. Masonry or concrete fences not over 42 inches in height above lowest adjacent grade, and all other fences not over 6 feet (1,829 mm) in height above lowest adjacent grade and any fence located with the zoning front yard setback distance not over 42 inches high.
3. Oil derricks.
4. Retaining walls that are not over 4 feet in height measured from the bottom of footing to the top of wall

unless supporting a surcharge or impounding Class I, II or IIIA liquids.

5. Water tanks supported directly on grade if the capacity does not exceed 5,000 gallons and the ratio of height to diameter or width does not exceed 2:1.
6. Detached decks, platforms or similar structures not exceeding 200 square feet in area, walkways, sidewalks and driveways that are not more than 30 inches (762mm) above adjacent grade, and not over any basement or story below and are not part of an accessible route.
7. Painting, papering, tiling, carpeting, cabinets, counter tops and similar finish work that does not involve electrical, mechanical or plumbing work.
8. Temporary motion picture, television and theater stage sets and scenery.
9. Prefabricated swimming pools accessory to a Group R-3 occupancy that are less than 18 inches deep, do not exceed 5,000 gallons and are installed entirely above ground.
10. Shade cloth structures constructed for nursery or agricultural purposes, not including service systems.
11. Swings and other playground equipment accessory to detached one- and two-family dwellings.
12. Window awnings supported by an exterior wall that do not project more than 54 inches from the exterior wall and do not require additional support of Group R-3 and U occupancies.
13. Nonfixed and movable fixtures, cases, racks, counters and partitions not over 5 feet 9 inches in height.
14. Radio and television antenna, and flagpoles not over twelve (12) feet in height measured from grade.

Unless otherwise exempted, separate plumbing, electrical and mechanical permits will be required for the above-exempted items.

- J. Subsection 105.3.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

105.3.2 Time limitation of application. An application for a permit for any proposed work shall be deemed to have been abandoned 360 days after the date of filing, unless such application has been pursued in good faith or permit has been issued; except that the building official is authorized to grant one or more extensions of time for additional periods not exceeding 90 days each. The extension shall be requested in writing and justifiable cause demonstrated. In order to renew action on an application after expiration, the applicant shall resubmit plans and pay a new plan check fee.

- K. Subsection 105.5 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

105.5 Expiration. Every permit issued shall become invalid unless the work on the site authorized by such permit is commenced within 180 days after its issuance, or if the work authorized on the site by such permit is suspended or abandoned for a period of 180 days after the time the work commenced.

Any permittee holding an unexpired permit may apply for an extension of the time within which work may commence under that permit when the permittee is unable to commence work within the time required. The extension shall be requested in writing prior to the permit expiring and show justifiable cause demonstrating that circumstances beyond the control of the permittee have prevented action from being taken. Pursuant to this paragraph, the Building Official or his/her designee is authorized to grant, in writing, one extension of time, for a period not more than 180 days. The completion of construction shall not extend beyond the timeframes mandated in Section 105.8 of this code even with such extension.

Before such work can be recommenced after a permit expires, a new permit shall first be obtained, and a fee therefore shall be one half the amount required for a new permit for such work, provided no changes have been made

or will be made in the original plans and specifications for such work, and provided further that such suspension or abandonment has not exceeded one year. In order to renew action on a permit after this one year time period, the permittee shall pay a new full permit fee.

- L. A new Subsection 105.8 is hereby added to Section 105 to read in its entirety as follows:

105.8 Completion of construction. Notwithstanding subsection 105.5 above, all construction shall be completed by the owner, owner's agent, or the permittee and approved by the City within the following time frame:

- a. New residential buildings construction . . . 24 months
- b. Residential room additions and remodels . . . 12 months
- c. Tenant improvements . . . 12 months
- d. Pools/spas . . . 12 months
- e. Patio covers and similar structures . . . 6 months
- f. Fences and/or retaining walls . . 6 months
- g. Water heaters, water softeners, and air conditioners . . . 6 months
- h. All other minor alterations . . . 6 months

Upon written request of the owner or permittee, the Building Official and/or his/her designated representative may extend the period for completion of construction for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty (180) days. The written request must demonstrate that (1) due to circumstances beyond the owner's or permittee's control, construction could not be completed in the required construction period; (2) that reasonable progress has been made; (3) that the condition of the property presents no health or safety hazard; and (4) that the continued delay will not create any unreasonable visual or physical detriment to the neighborhood. Any extension beyond one hundred eighty (180) days must be approved by the City Manager.

The requirement of this subsection shall apply to all construction projects undertaken prior to the effective date of this subsection except that the construction period set forth shall run from the effective date of this subsection rather than from the date construction was commenced or a building permit was issued for the project.

- M. A new Subsection 105.9 is hereby added to Section 105 to read in its entirety as follows.

105.9 Maintenance of property during construction. During construction, all property shall be maintained in a reasonably clean and well-kept manner. All lumber and building materials shall be neatly piled or stacked in a safe manner and stored in the rear yard of the residential property or inside the building construction perimeter, except that building materials may be stored in a front yard for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days. A waiver of this requirement may be obtained from the Building Official or his/her designated representative if the construction is screened from view from adjacent occupied or public property with fencing materials approved by city zoning and building regulations.

- N. A new Subsection 107.2.6 is hereby added to Section 107 to read in its entirety as follows:

107.2.6 Soil report. A Soil report shall be submitted with all permit applications for new construction and additions. Soil Reports shall be prepared by a professional engineer licensed by the State to prepare such reports. The Building Official may waive this requirement if he/she finds that the scope of work applied for does not necessitate a soil report.

- O. Subsection 107.3 is hereby amended to add a second paragraph that reads as follows:

When submittal documents are required by Section 107.1, a plan review fee shall be paid at the time of submitting the submittal documents for plan review. Said plan review fees are separate fees from the permit fees specified in Section 109.2 and are in addition to the permit fees. Said plan review fee shall be as set forth in the City Council Fee Resolution.

- P. Subsection 107.5 is hereby amended to add a second paragraph that reads as follows:

The approved plans, permit application, inspection card and other construction documents required by the Building Official shall be imaged after the final inspection and will be a permanent record in the City. The applicant shall pay the cost of imaging at the time of permit.

- Q. Subsection 109.2 is hereby amended by adding a sentence at the end to read as follows:

The fee for each permit shall be as set forth in the City Council Fee Resolution unless otherwise specified by the code.

- R. Subsection 109.3 is hereby amended to add a second paragraph that reads as follows:

The Building Official shall make the determination of value or valuation under any provisions of this code. The valuation shall be determined by using rational methods established by the Building Official that reasonably establish the construction value or the contract price of the actual construction cost. The value of work to be used in computing the Building Permit and Building Plan Review fees shall be the total value of all construction work for which the permit is issued, as well as all finish work, painting, roofing, electrical, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, elevators, fire extinguishing systems and any other permanent equipment.

- S. Subsection 109.4 is hereby amended to add a second paragraph that reads as follows:

An investigation fee, in addition to the permit fee, shall be collected whether or not a permit is then or subsequently issued. The investigation fee shall be equal to the amount of the permit fee required by this code. The payment of such investigation fee shall not exempt any person from compliance with all other provisions of this code nor from any penalty prescribed by law.

- T. Subsection 109.6 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

109.6 Refunds. The building official is authorized to establish a refund policy. The building official may authorize refunding of any fee paid hereunder which was erroneously paid or collected as provided below.

The building official may authorize refunding of not more than 80 percent of the permit fee paid when no work has been done under a permit issued in accordance with this code.

The building official may authorize refunding of not more than 80 percent of the plan review fee paid when an application for a permit for which a plan review has been paid is withdrawn or canceled before any plan reviewing is done.

The building official shall not authorize refunding of any fee paid except on written application filed by the original permittee not later than 180 days after the date of payment.

- U. A new Subsection 109.7 is hereby added to Section 109 to read in its entirety as follows:

109.7 Deposit. The Building Official may require a deposit from the applicant for a certain project or work in order to secure the request of final inspection approvals from the applicant or the repairing of damaged City properties during the period of construction. The deposit money will be refunded to the applicant when the final inspections are approved or the damages are repaired to the satisfaction of the City. The deposit amount shall not be more than twice the pennit fee.

- V. A new Subsection 110.7 is hereby added to Section 110 to read in its entirety as follows:

110.7 Reinspections. A reinspection fee may be assessed for each inspection or reinspection when such portion of work for which an inspection is requested is not complete or when previous corrections are not corrected.

This subsection is not to be interpreted as requiring reinspection fees the first time a job is rejected for failure to comply with requirements of this Code, but as controlling the practice of calling for inspections before the job is ready for such inspection or reinspection.

Reinspection fees may be assessed when the inspection record card is not posted or otherwise made available on the work site, or when the approved plans are not readily available to the inspector, or for failure to provide access on the date for which inspection is requested.

To obtain a reinspection, the applicant shall pay the reinspection fee as established by the City Council Fee Resolution. In instances where reinspection fees have

been assessed, no additional inspection of work will be performed until the required reinspection fees have been paid.

15.08.030 Chapter 4 amended — Special Detailed Requirements Based on Use and Occupancy.

Chapter 4 of CBC is hereby amended as follows:

- A. The title of Section 403 is hereby amended to read as follows:

**SECTION 403
HIGH-RISE BUILDINGS HAVING OCCUPIED FLOORS LOCATED MORE THAN 55 FEET ABOVE THE LOWEST LEVEL OF FIRE DEPARTMENT VEHICLE ACCESS AND GROUP I-2 OCCUPANCIES HAVING OCCUPIED FLOORS LOCATED MORE THAN 75 FEET ABOVE THE LOWEST LEVEL OF FIRE DEPARTMENT VEHICLE ACCESS**

- B. The first paragraph of Subsection 403.1 is hereby amended to read as follows:

403.1 Applicability. New high-rise buildings having occupied floors located more than 55 feet above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access and new Group I-2 occupancies having occupied floors located more than 75 feet above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access shall comply with Sections 403.2 through 403.6. *(Balance of the subsection to remain unchanged)*

- C. The Definition of "high-rise structure" in Subsection 403.1.1 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2. "High-rise structure" means every building of any type of construction or occupancy having floor used for human occupancy located above 55 feet above the lowest floor level having building access, except buildings used as hospitals as defined by the Health and Safety Code Section 1250. *(Balance of the subsection to remain unchanged)*

- D. Subsection 403.4.7.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

403.4.7.2 Standby power loads. The following are classified as standby power loads:

1. Power and lighting for the fire command center required by Section 403.4.5; and
2. Standby power shall be provided for elevators in accordance with Sections 1007.4, 3003, 3007, and 3008.

E. Subsection 403.4.8.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

403.4.8.1 Emergency power loads. The following are classified as emergency power loads:

1. Exit signs and means of egress illumination required by Chapter 10;
2. Elevator car lighting;
3. Emergency voice/alarm communications systems;
4. Automatic fire detection systems;
5. Fire alarm systems;
6. Electrically powered fire pumps; and
7. Ventilation and automatic fire detection equipment for smokeproof enclosures.

F. The first paragraph of Subsection 406.1.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

406.1.3 Garages and carports. Carports shall be open on at least two sides. Garage and carport floor surfaces shall be of approved noncombustible material. Carports not open on at least two sides shall be considered a garage and shall comply with the provisions of this section for garages. *(Balance of the section to remain unchanged)*

G. Subsection 406.2.6 is hereby amended by deleting exception no. 1 and amending the second paragraph to read as follows:

The area of floor used for parking of automobiles or other vehicles shall be sloped to facilitate the movement of liquids to a drain or toward the main vehicle entry doorway with an approved oil separator or trap discharging to sewers in accordance with the California Plumbing Code.

H. Subsection 412.2 is hereby amended by adding the following definitions:

APPROACH-DEPARTURE PATH. The flight path of the helicopter as it approaches or departs from the landing pad.

EMERGENCY HELICOPTER LANDING FACILITY (EHLF). A landing area on the roof of a building that is not intended to function as a heliport or helistop but is capable of accommodating fire or medical helicopters engaged in emergency operations.

SAFETY AREA. A defined area surrounding the landing pad which is free of obstructions.

TAKEOFF AND LANDING AREA. The combination of the landing pad centered within the surrounding safety area.

- I. A new Subsection 412.7.5 is hereby added to Section 412 to read in its entirety as follows:

412.7.5. Emergency Helicopter Landing Facility. Emergency Helicopter Landing Facility (EHLF) shall be constructed as specified in Section 412.7.5.1 through 412.7.5.13.

412.7.5.1 General. Every building of any type of construction or occupancy having floors used for human occupancy located more than 75 ft above the lowest level of the fire department vehicle access shall have a rooftop emergency helicopter landing facility (EHLF) in a location approved by the fire code official for only use by fire, police, and emergency medical helicopters.

412.7.5.2 Rooftop Landing Pad. The landing pad shall be 50 ft. x 50 ft. or a 50 ft. diameter circle that is pitched or sloped to provide drainage away from access points and passenger holding areas at a slope of 0.5 percent to 2 percent. The landing pad surface shall be constructed of approved non-combustible, nonporous materials. It shall be capable of supporting a helicopter with a maximum gross weight of 15,000 lbs. For structural design requirements, see California Building Code.

412.7.5.3 Approach-Departure Path. The emergency helicopter landing facility shall have two approach-

departure paths separated in plan from each other by at least 90 degrees. No objects shall penetrate above the approach-departure paths. The approach-departure path begins at the edge of the landing pad, with the same width or diameter as the landing pad and is a rising slope extending outward and upward at a ratio of eight feet horizontal distance for every one foot of vertical height.

412.7.5.4 Safety Area. The safety area is a horizontal plane level with the landing pad surface and shall extend 25 ft in all directions from the edge of the landing pad. No objects shall penetrate above the plane of the safety area.

412.7.5.5 Safety Net. If the rooftop landing pad is elevated more than 30 in. (2'-6") above the adjoining surfaces, a 6 ft in wide horizontal safety net capable of supporting 25 lbs/psf shall be provided around the perimeter of the landing pad. The inner edge of the safety net attached to the landing pad shall be slightly dropped (greater than 5 in. but less than 18 in.) below the pad elevation. The safety net shall slope upward but the outer safety net edge shall not be above the elevation of the landing pad.

412.7.5.6 Take-off and Landing Area. The takeoff and landing area shall be free of obstructions and 100 ft x 100 ft. or 100 ft. diameter.

412.7.5.7 Wind Indicating Device. An approved wind indicating device shall be provided but shall not extend into the safety area or the approach-departure paths.

412.7.5.8 Special Markings. The emergency helicopter landing facility shall be marked as indicated in Figure 412.7.5.8.

412.7.5.9 EHLF Exits. Two stairway exits shall be provided from the landing platform area to the roof surface. For landing areas less than 2,501 square feet in area, the second exit may be a fire escape or ladder leading to the to the roof surface below. The stairway from the landing facility platform to the floor below shall comply with CFC 1009.4.2 for riser height and tread

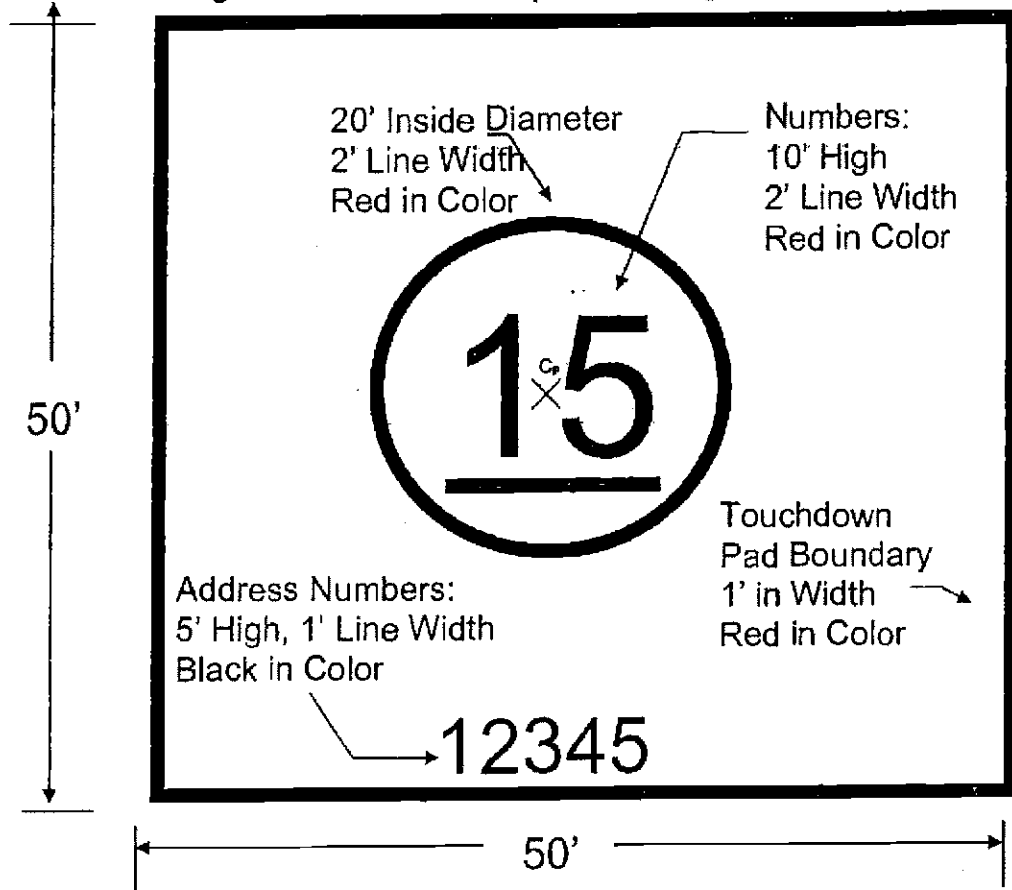
depth. Handrails shall be provided, but shall not extend above the platform surface.

412.7.5.10 Standpipe systems. The standpipe system shall be extended to the roof level on which the EHLF is located. All portions of the EHLF area shall be within 150 feet of a 2.5-inch outlet on a Class I or III standpipe.

412.7.5.11 Fire extinguishers. A minimum of one portable fire extinguisher having a minimum 80-B:C rating shall be provided and located near the stairways or ramp to the landing pad. The fire extinguisher cabinets shall not penetrate the approach-departure paths, or the safety area. Installation, inspection, and maintenance of extinguishers shall be in accordance with the CFC, Section 906.

412.7.5.13 EHLF. Fueling, maintenance, repairs, or storage of helicopters shall not be permitted.

Figure 412.7.5.8 Helicopter Landing Pad Markings



1. The preferred background is white or tan.
2. The circled, red numbers indicate the allowable weight that the facility is capable of supporting in thousands of pounds.
3. The numbers shall be oriented towards the preferred flight (typically facing the prevailing wind).

5.08.040 Chapter 9 amended — Fire Protection Systems.

Chapter 9 of CBC is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 903.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

903.2 Where required. Approved automatic sprinkler systems in new buildings and structures shall be provided in the locations described in this section and in Section

903.2 of the California Fire Code as amended by the City of San Clemente as follows:

1. **New buildings:** In addition to the requirements of section 903.2.1 through 903.2.13, approved automatic sprinkler systems in new buildings and structures shall be provided as follows (Exception: Group R Detached one- two-family dwellings and townhouses as required by section 903.2.8):
 - i) Throughout all Groups A, I, E, and H Occupancies
 - ii) Throughout all Group B, F, M, and S Occupancies exceeding 1,000 square feet
 - iii) Throughout all Group U-1 Occupancies exceeding 6,000 square feet

For the purposes of this section, fire walls shall not define separate buildings.

2. **Alteration:** When the floor area of the Alteration within any two-year period exceeds 75% of area of the existing structure and the alteration includes structural modifications other than seismic upgrade.
3. **Addition:** Sprinkler protection shall be provided throughout the entire building when:
 1. Existing unsprinklered building less than 5,000 ft²: where 20% or more is added and the gross floor areas exceeds 5,000 square feet.
 2. Existing unsprinklered building equal or greater than 5,000 ft²: where more than 1,000 ft² is added.
 3. Fire sprinklers shall be provided in additions to an existing building that has fire sprinklers installed.

- B. Subsection 903.2.8 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

903.2.8 Group R. An automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Subsection 903.3 of Section 903 of this code and Subsection 903.3 of Section 903 of the California Fire Code as amended by the City of San Clemente shall be provided throughout all buildings with a Group R fire area as follows:

1. All new Group R occupancies, including the attached garages
2. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when the total floor area is increase by 50% of the existing area over a 2-year period
3. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when the total area is increased by 750 square feet or more over a 2-year period
4. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when an additional story is added to the structure regardless of the area involved
5. An automatic sprinkler system shall be installed throughout any existing Group R Occupancy building when the floor area of the Alteration or Combination of an Addition and Alteration, within any two year period, is 50% or more of area of the existing structure and where the scope of the work exposes building framing and facilitates sprinkler installation and is such that the Building/Fire Code Official determines that the complexity of installing a sprinkler system would be similar as in a new building.
6. Any addition to existing building that has fire sprinklers installed.

Exceptions:

1. Existing Group R-3 occupancies converted to Group R-3.1 occupancies not housing bedridden clients, not housing nonambulatory clients above the first floor and not housing clients above the second floor.
2. Existing Group R-3 occupancies converted to Group R-3.1 occupancies housing only one bedridden client and complying with Section 425.8.3.3.
3. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 13113 occupancies housing ambulatory children only, none of whom are mentally ill or mentally retarded, and the buildings or portions thereof in which such children are housed are not more than two stories in height, and buildings or portions thereof housing such children have an automatic fire alarm system activated by approved smoke detectors.
4. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 13143.6 occupancies licensed for protective social care which house ambulatory clients only, none of

whom is a child (under the age of 18 years), or who is elderly (65 years of age or over).

When not used in accordance with Section 504.2 or 506.3, an automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Section 903.3.1.2 shall be allowed in Group R-2.1 occupancies.

An automatic sprinkler system designed in accordance with Section 903.3.1.3 shall not be utilized in Group R-2.1 or R-4 occupancies.

C. Item no. 4 in Subsection 903.3.1.1.1 is hereby amended to read as follows:

4. When approved by the fire code official, spaces or areas in telecommunications buildings used exclusively for telecommunications equipment, and associated electrical power distribution equipment, provided those spaces or areas are equipped throughout with an automatic smoke detection system in accordance with Section 907.2 and are separated from the remainder of the building by fire barriers consisting of not less than 1-hour fire-barriers constructed in accordance with Section 707 or not less than 2-hour horizontal assemblies constructed in accordance with Section 712, or both.

D. Subsection 903.4 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

903.4 Sprinkler system supervision and alarms. All valves controlling the water supply for automatic sprinkler systems, pumps, tanks, water levels and temperatures, critical air pressures and water-flow switches on all sprinkler systems shall be electrically supervised by a listed fire alarm control unit.

Exceptions:

1. Automatic sprinkler systems protecting one- and two-family dwellings.
2. Limited area systems serving fewer than 20 sprinklers.
3. Jockey pump control valves that are sealed or locked in the open position.

4. Valves controlling the fuel supply to fire pump engines that are sealed or locked in the open position.
5. Trim valves to pressure switches in dry, preaction and deluge sprinkler systems that are sealed or locked in the open position.

E. Subsection 904.3.5 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

904.3.5 Monitoring. Where a building fire alarm or monitoring system is installed, automatic fire-extinguishing systems shall be monitored by the building fire alarm or monitoring system in accordance with NFPA 72.

F. Subsection 905.4 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

905.4 Location of Class I standpipe hose connections. Class I standpipe hose connections shall be provided in all of the following locations:

1. In every required stairway, a hose connection shall be provided for each floor level above or below grade. Hose connections shall be located at an intermediate floor level landing between floors, unless otherwise approved by the fire code official. See Section 909.20.3.2 for additional provisions in smokeproof enclosures.
2. On each side of the wall adjacent to the exit opening of a horizontal exit.

Exception: Where floor areas adjacent to a horizontal exit are reachable from exit stairway hose connections by a nozzle attached to 100 feet (30 480 mm) of hose, as measured along the path of travel, a hose connection shall not be required at the horizontal exit.

3. In every exit passageway, at the entrance from the exit passageway to other areas of a building.

Exception: Where floor areas adjacent to an exit passageway are reachable from exit stairway hose

connections by a 30-foot (9144 mm) hose stream from a nozzle attached to 100 feet (30 480 mm) of hose, a hose connection shall not be required at the entrance from the exit passageway to other areas of the building.

4. In covered mall buildings, adjacent to each exterior public entrance to the mall and adjacent to each entrance from an exit passageway or exit corridor to the mall.
5. Where the roof has a slope less than four units vertical in 12 units horizontal (33.3-percent slope), each standpipe shall be provided with a hose connection located either on the roof or at the highest landing of a stairway with stair access to the roof. An additional hose connection shall be provided at the top of the most hydraulically remote standpipe for testing purposes.
6. Where the most remote portion of a nonsprinklered floor or story is more than 150 feet (45 720 mm) from a hose connection or the most remote portion of a sprinklered floor or story is more than 150 feet (45 720 mm) from a hose connection, the fire code official is authorized to require that additional hose connections be provided in approved locations. The distance from a hose connection shall be measured along the path of travel.
7. The centerline of the 2.5 inches (64 mm) outlet shall be no less than 18 inches (457 mm) above and no more than 24 inches (610 mm) above the finished floor.
8. Every new building with any horizontal dimensions greater than 300 feet (91 440 mm) shall be provided with either access doors or a 2.5 inches (64 mm) outlets so that all portions of the building can be reached with 150 feet (45 720 mm) of hose from an access door or hose outlet. Required access doors shall be located in the exterior of the building and shall be accessible without the use of a ladder. The door dimensions shall be not less than 3 feet (914 mm) in width, and not less than 6 feet 8 inches (2032

mm) in height. These doors are for fire department access only.

- G. Subsection 907.2.13 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

907.2.13 High-rise buildings HAVING OCCUPIED FLOORS LOCATED MORE THAN 55 FEET ABOVE THE LOWEST LEVEL OF FIRE DEPARTMENT VEHICLE ACCESS and Group I-2 occupancies having floors located more than 75 feet above the lowest level fire department vehicle access. High-rise buildings having occupied floors located more than 55 feet above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access and Group I-2 occupancies having floors located more than 75 feet above the lowest level fire department vehicle access shall be provided with an automatic smoke detection in accordance with Section 907.2.13.1, a fire department communication system in accordance with Section 907.2.13.2 and an emergency voice/alarm communication system in accordance with Section 907.5.2.2.

Exceptions:

1. Airport traffic control towers in accordance with Section 907.2.22 and Section 412.
2. Open parking garages in accordance with Section 406.3.
3. Buildings with an occupancy in Group A-5 in accordance with Section 303.1.
4. Low-hazard special occupancies in accordance with Section 503.1.1.
5. In Group I-2 and R-2.1 occupancies, the alarm shall sound at a constantly attended location and general occupant notification shall be broadcast by the emergency voice/alarm communication system.

- H. Subsection 907.3.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

907.3.1 Duct smoke detectors. Smoke detectors installed in ducts shall be listed for the air velocity, temperature and humidity present in the duct. Duct smoke detectors shall be connected to the building's fire alarm control unit when a fire alarm system is installed. Activation of a duct smoke detector shall initiate a visible and audible supervisory signal at a constantly attended location and shall perform

the intended fire safety function in accordance with this code and the California Mechanical Code. Duct smoke detectors shall not be used as a substitute for required open area detection.

Exception: In occupancies not required to be equipped with a fire alarm system, actuation of a smoke detector shall activate a visible and an audible signal in an approved location. Smoke detector trouble conditions shall activate a visible or audible signal in an approved location and shall be identified as air duct detector trouble.

- I. Subsection 907.5.2.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows.

907.5.2.2 Emergency voice/alarm communication system. Emergency voice/alarm communication system required by this code shall be designed and installed in accordance with NFPA 72. The operation of any automatic fire detector, sprinkler waterflow device or manual fire alarm box shall automatically sound an alert tone followed by voice instructions giving approved information and directions for a general or staged evacuation in accordance with the building's fire safety and evacuation plans required by Section 404. In high-rise buildings having occupied floors located more than 55 feet above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access, and Group 1-2 occupancies having floors located more than 75 feet above the lowest level fire department vehicle access, the system shall operate on a minimum of the alarming floor, the floor above and the floor below. Speakers shall be provided throughout the building by paging zones. At a minimum, paging zones shall be provided as follows:

1. Elevator groups.
2. Exit stairways.
3. Each floor.
4. Areas of refuge as defined in Section 1002.1.
5. Dwelling Units in apartment houses.
6. Hotel guest rooms or suites.

Exception: In Group 1-1 and R-2.1 occupancies, the alarm shall sound in a constantly attended area and a general occupant notification shall be broadcast over the overhead page.

- J. Subsection 907.6.3.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

907.6.3.2 High-rise buildings. In high-rise buildings having occupied floors located more than 55 feet above the lowest level of fire department vehicle access and Group I-2 occupancies having floors located more than 75 feet above the lowest level fire department vehicle access, a separate zone by floor shall be provided for all of the following types of alarm-initiating devices where provided:

1. Smoke detectors.
2. Sprinkler waterflow devices.
3. Manual fire alarm boxes
4. Other approved types of automatic detection devices or suppression systems.

- K. Subsection 910.3.2.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

910.3.2.2 Sprinklered buildings. Where installed in buildings provided with an approved automatic sprinkler system, smoke and heat vents shall be designed to operate automatically by actuation of a heat-responsive device rated at least 100° F above the operating temperature of the sprinkler unless otherwise approved.

15.08.050 Chapter 15 amended — Roof Assemblies and Rooftop Structures.

Chapter 15 of CBC is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 1503.4 is hereby amended by adding a second paragraph to read as follows:

Water that accumulates on a roof shall be effectively drained and conveyed from the roof to a storm drain, street gutter, or other locations approved by the Building Official. Such water shall be conveyed through gutters, leaders, associated piping or other non-erodible surface drainage devices as approved by the Building Official. For any minor or small roofs, the Building Official may exempt this requirement.

- B. Table 1505.1 in Subsection 1505.1 is hereby amended to read as follows:

**TABLE 1505.1^a
MINIMUM ROOF COVERING CLASSIFICATION
FOR TYPES OF CONSTRUCTION**

IA	IB	IIA	IIB	IIIA	IIIB	IV	VA	VB
A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A

a. Unless otherwise required in accordance with Chapter 7A

- C. Subsections 1505.1.1, 1505.1.2, 1505.1.3 are hereby deleted and replaced with a new Subsection 1505.1.1 to read in its entirety as follows:

1505.1.1 Roof Coverings. The roof covering or roofing assembly on any new structure regulated by this code shall be Class A fire retardant roof minimum as classified in Section 1505.2. Non-combustible roof covering may be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements in lieu of a fire retardant roofing assembly. Wood roofing materials are prohibited unless pressure treated and approved for fire retardant of Class A minimum. For existing structure when ten percent (10%) or more of the total roof area is re-roofed within any one-year period, shall have a Class A fire retardant roof covering for entire roof area. For existing structure when less than ten percent (10%) of the total roof area is re-roofed within any one-year period, shall have a fire retardant roof covering class equal to or greater than the existing roof covering and not less than Class B.

15.08.060 Chapter 31 amended — Special Construction.

Chapter 31 of CBC is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection 3109.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

3109.2 Definition. The following word and term shall, for the purpose of this section and as used elsewhere in this code, have the meaning shown herein.

SWIMMING POOLS. Any structure intended for swimming, recreational bathing or wading that contains water over 18 inches deep. This includes in-ground, above-ground and on-ground pools; hot tubs; spas and fixed-in-place wading pools.

- B. The first sentence of Subsection 3109.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

3109.3 Public swimming pools. Public swimming pools shall be completely enclosed by a fence at least 5 feet in height or a screen enclosure. *(Balance of the section to remain unchanged.)*

- C. The first sentence of Subsection 3109.4.1 is hereby amended to read as follows:

3109.4.1 Barrier height and clearances. The top of the barrier shall be at least 60 inches above grade measured on the side of the barrier that faces away from the swimming pool. *(Balance of the section to remain unchanged)*

- D. Subsection 3109.4.4.1 is hereby amended by adding the following definition:

PRIVATE POOL means any constructed pool, permanent or portable, which is intended for non-commercial use as a swimming pool by not more than three owner families and their guests.

- E. The first sentence of Subsection 3109.4.4.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

3109.4.4.3 Enclosure; required characteristics. An enclosure shall have all of the following characteristics and shall comply with provisions contained in 3109.4:
(Balance of the section to remain unchanged)

- F. A new Subsection 3109.6 is hereby added to Section 3109 to read as follows:

3109.6 Sound Attenuation. Filters, heating systems, and pumps installed to serve pool, spa, hot tub, waterfall or any body of water, shall be enclosed and soundproofed. An acoustical report prepared by a licensed or approved acoustical professional can be used to substitute for sound wall enclosures as long as the report demonstrates the compliance of the requirements specified in Chapter 8.48 of the San Clemente Municipal Code.

15.08.070 Chapter 34 amended — Existing Structures.

Chapter 34 of CBC is hereby amended as follows:

- A. New Subsections 3410.2 and 3410.3 are hereby added to Section 3410 to read as follows:

3410.2 Requirements. It shall be unlawful for any person to move any house, building or structure of any kind or description, except fabricated structures approved by the Building Official, from any point outside of the City limits of the City, onto any property or lot within the City limits of the City of San Clemente. No building or structure shall be moved or relocated until such building or structure is approved by the Planning Commission under a Conditional Use Permit. A permit to relocate the building or structure, issued by the Building Official to the owner of the premises to which the particular building or structure is proposed to be moved, is also required.

3410.3 Relocation Permit Fee. Before any application for a Relocation Permit is accepted for filing, a fee as set forth in the City Council Fee Resolution shall be paid by the applicant to the City of San Clemente to cover City's cost for the investigation of the condition of the building to be moved and the inspection of the proposed new location. The application fee herein provided for shall be in addition to the building permit fee required by this code and any other fee or charge required by law or ordinance where a main building and building accessory thereto are to be moved.

15.08.080 Chapter 35 amended — Referenced Standards (NFPA 13, NFPA 13R, NFPA 13D, NFPA 14, NFPA 24, NFPA 72).

The Referenced Standards in Chapter 35 of CBC are hereby amended as follows:

- A. **NFPA 13, 2010 Edition, Installation of Sprinkler Systems** is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 6.8.3 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

6.8.3 Fire department connections (FDC) shall be of an approved type. The FDC shall contain a minimum of two 2 ½" inlets. The location shall be approved and be no more than 150 feet from a public hydrant. The size of piping and the number

of inlets shall be approved by the chief. If acceptable to the water authority, it may be installed on the backflow assembly. Fire department inlet connections shall be painted OSHA safety red. When the fire sprinkler density design requires 500 gpm (including inside hose stream demand) or greater, or a standpipe system is included, four 2 ½" inlets shall be provided. FDC may be located within 150 feet of a private fire hydrant when approved by the chief.

2. Section 8.3.3.1 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

8.3.3.1. When fire sprinkler systems are installed in shell buildings of undetermined use (Spec Buildings) other than warehouses (S occupancies), fire sprinklers of the quick-response type shall be used. Use is considered undetermined if a specific tenant/occupant is not identified at the time the permit is issued. Sprinklers in light hazard occupancies shall be one of the following:

- a) Quick-response type as defined in 3.6.4.7.
- b) Residential sprinklers in accordance with the requirements of 8.4.5.
- c) Standard-response sprinklers used for modifications or additions to existing light hazard systems equipped with standard-response sprinklers.
- d) Standard-response sprinklers used where individual standard-response sprinklers are replaced in existing light hazard systems.

3. Section 8.17.1.1.1 is hereby added as follows:

8.17.1.1.1 Residential Waterflow Alarms. A local water-flow alarms shall be provided on all sprinkler systems and shall be connected to the building fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system where provided. Group R occupancies not requiring a fire alarm system by the California Fire Code shall be provided with a minimum of one approved interior alarm device in each unit. Sound levels in all sleeping areas shall be a minimum of 15 DBA above the average ambient sound or a minimum of

75 DBA with all intervening doors closed. Alarms shall be audible within all other living areas within each dwelling unit. When not connected to a fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system, audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

4. Section 8.17.2.4.6 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

8.17.2.4.6 Fire department connections shall be on the street side of buildings and shall be located and arranged so that they are immediately adjacent to the approved fire department access road and that hose lines can be readily and conveniently attached to the inlets without interference from nearby objects including buildings, fence, posts, or other fire department connections.

5. Section 11.1.1.2 is hereby added as follows:

11.1.1.2 When fire sprinkler systems are required in buildings of undetermined use other than warehouses, they shall be designed and installed to have a fire sprinkler density of not less than that required for an Ordinary Hazard Group 2 use, with no reduction/s in density or design area. Warehouse fire sprinkler systems shall be designed to Figure 16.2.1.3.2 (d) curve "G". Use is considered undetermined if a specific tenant/occupant is not identified at the time the permit is issued. Where a subsequent occupancy requires a system with greater capability, it shall be the responsibility of the occupant to upgrade the system to the required density for the new occupancy.

6. Section 11.2.3.1.1.1 is hereby added as follows:

11.2.3.1.1.1 The available water supply for fire sprinkler system design shall be determined by one of the following methods, as approved by the Fire Code Official:

- 1) Subtract the project site elevation from the low water level for the appropriate pressure zone and multiplying the result by 0.433;
- 2) Use a maximum of 40 psi, if available;

- 3) Utilize the Orange County Fire Authority water-flow test form/directions to document a flow test conducted by the local water agency or a professional engineer licensed in the State of California. The result shall be adjusted in accordance with the graduated scaled found in the guideline.
7. Section 22.1.3 (43) is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

Section 22.1.3 (43) Size and location of hydrants, showing size and number of outlets and if outlets are to be equipped with independent gate valves. Whether hose houses and equipment are to be provided, and by whom, shall be indicated. Static and residual hydrants that were used in the flow tests shall be shown. Flow test shall be completed within six months of the plan submittal to the authority having jurisdiction.

B. NFPA 13R 2010 Edition Installation of Sprinkler System in Residential Occupancies up to and Including Four Stories in Height is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 6.16.1 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

6.16.1 A local water-flow alarms shall be provided on all sprinkler systems and shall be connected to the building fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system where provided. Group R occupancies containing less than the number of stories, dwelling units or occupant load specified in Section 907.2.8 of the 2010 California Fire Code as requiring a fire alarm system shall be provided with a minimum of one approved interior alarm device in each unit. Sound levels in all sleeping areas shall be a minimum of 15 dBA above the average ambient sound or a minimum of 75 dBA with all intervening doors closed. Alarms shall be audible within all other living areas within each dwelling unit. When not connected to a fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system, audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for

over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

There shall also be a minimum of one exterior alarm indicating device, listed for outside service and audible from the access roadway that serves that building.

2. Section 6.6.6 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

Section 6.6.6 Sprinklers shall not be required in penthouse equipment rooms, elevator machine rooms, concealed spaces dedicated exclusively to containing only dwelling unit ventilation equipment, crawl spaces, floor/ceiling spaces, noncombustible elevator shafts where the elevator cars comply with ANSI A17.1, Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators, and other concealed spaces that are not used or intended for living purposes or storage and do not contain fuel fired equipment.

3. Section 6.6.9 is hereby added as follows:

6.6.9 Sprinklers shall not be required in attics that are not located over dwelling units. When attics are separated by unit, each unit's attic space may be protected per NFPA 13D Section 8.6.4.2. All other attics shall be protected per NFPA 13.

- C. **NFPA 13D 2010 Edition Installation of Sprinkler Systems in One and Two-Family Dwellings and Manufactured Homes** is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 4.1.5 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5 Stock of Spare Sprinklers.

2. Section 4.1.5.1 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.1. A supply of at least two sprinklers for each type shall be maintained on the premises so that any sprinklers that have operated or been damaged in any way can be promptly replaced.

3. Section 4.1.5.2 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.2 The sprinklers shall correspond to the types and temperature ratings of the sprinklers in the property.

4. Section 4.1.5.3 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.3 The sprinklers shall be kept in a cabinet located where the temperature to which they are subjected will at no time exceed 100 °F (38°C).

5. Section 4.1.5.4 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.4 A special sprinkler wrench shall be provided and kept in the cabinet to be used in the removal and installation of sprinklers. One sprinkler wrench shall be provided for each type of sprinkler installed.

6. Section 7.1.2 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

7.1.2 The system piping shall not have a separate control valve unless supervised by a central station, proprietary or remote station alarm service.

7. Section 7.3.1 is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:

7.3.1 At least one water pressure gauge shall be installed on the riser assembly.

8. Section 7.6 is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:

7.6 Alarms Exterior alarm indicating device shall be listed for outside service and audible from the street from which the house is addressed. Exterior audible devices shall be placed on the front or side of the structure and the location subject to final approval by the fire code official. Additional interior alarm devices shall be required to provide audibility throughout the structure. Sound levels in all sleeping areas with all intervening doors closed

shall be a minimum of 15 dBA above the average ambient sound level but not less than 75 dBA. Audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

Exception:

1. When an approved water flow monitoring system is installed, interior audible devices may be powered through the fire alarm control panel.
2. When smoke detectors specified under CBC Section 310.9 are used to sound an alarm upon waterflow switch activation.

9. Section 8.6.4.2 is hereby added as follows:

8.6.4.2 All attics shall be protected with an intermediate temperature quick response sprinkler which shall be located to protect attic penetrations created by the access scuttles or mechanical equipment.

- D. **NFPA 14, 2007 Edition, Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems** is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 6.4.5.4.1 is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:

6.4.5.4.1 The fire department connection shall have a minimum of two 2 ½ inches, internal threaded (NHS) inlets. Additional inlets shall be provided on a 250 GPM per inlet ratio to meet the system demand. The inlets shall be provided with approved caps to protect the system from entry of debris. The location of the FDC shall be approved and be no more than 150 feet from a public hydrant. If acceptable to the water authority, it may be installed on the backflow assembly. Fire department inlet connections shall be painted OSHA safety red.

2. Section 7.3.1.1 is hereby is deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:

7.3.1.1 Hose Connection Height Class I and III Standpipe hose connections shall be unobstructed

and shall be located not less than 18 inches, or more than 24 inches above the finished floor. Class II Standpipe hose connections shall be unobstructed and shall be located not less than 3 feet or more than 5 feet above the finished floor.

NFPA 24, 2010 Edition, Installation of Private Fire Service Mains and Their Appurtenances is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 5.9.1.3 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

5.9.1.3 The fire department connection shall be of an approved type and contain a minimum of two 2 ½ inch inlets. The location shall be approved and be no more than 150 feet from a public fire hydrant. If acceptable to the water authority, it may be installed on the backflow assembly. The supply pipe shall be painted OSHA safety red.

2. Section 5.9.1.3.1 is hereby added as follows:

5.9.1.3.1 When the sprinkler density design is 500 gpm (including the interior hose stream demand) or greater, or a standpipe system is included, four 2 ½" inlets shall be provided.

3. Section 5.9.1.3.2 is hereby added as follows:

5.9.1.3.2 The fire department connection (FDC) may be located within 150 feet of a private fire hydrant provided the FDC connects down-stream of an aboveground sprinkler system check valve.

4. Section 6.2.1.1 is hereby added as follows:

6.2.1.1 The closest upstream indicating valve to the riser shall be painted OSHA red.

5. Section 6.2.11 (5) is hereby deleted without replacement.

6. Section 6.2.11 (6) is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

6.2.11 (5) Control valves in a one-hour fire-rated room accessible from the exterior.

7. Section 6.2.11 (7) is hereby deleted without replacement.

8. Section 6.3.3 is hereby added as follows:

Section 6.3.3 All post indicator valves controlling fire suppression water supplies shall be painted OSHA red.

9. Section 10.1.6.3 is hereby added as follows:

10.1.6.3 All ferrous pipe shall be coated and wrapped. Joints shall be coated and wrapped after assembly. All fittings shall be protected with a loose 8-mil polyethylene tube. The ends of the tube shall extend past the joint by a minimum of 12 inches and be sealed with 2 inch wide tape approved for underground use. Galvanizing does not meet the requirements of this section.

Exception: 316 Stainless Steel pipe and fittings.

10. Section 10.3.5.2 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

10.3.5.2 All bolted joint accessories shall be cleaned and thoroughly coated with asphalt or other corrosion-retarding material, prior to poly-tube, and after installation.

11. Section 10.3.5.3 is hereby added as follows:

10.3.5.3 All bolts used in pipe-joint assembly shall be 316 stainless steel.

12. Section 10.6.3.1 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

10.6.3.1 Where fire service mains enter the building adjacent to the foundation, the pipe may run under a building to a maximum of 18 inches, as measured from the interior of the exterior wall. The pipe under the building or building foundation shall be

316 stainless steel and shall not contain mechanical joints or comply with 10.6.2.

13. Section 10.6.5 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

10.6.5 Pipe Joints shall not be located under foundation footings. The pipe under the building or building foundation shall be 316 stainless steel and shall not contain mechanical joints.

F. NFPA 72, 2010 Edition National Fire Alarm Code

1. Section 14.2.1.2.3 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

14.2.1.2.3 If a defect or malfunction is not corrected at the conclusion of system inspection, testing, or maintenance, the system owner or the owner's designated representative and fire code official shall be informed of the impairment in writing within 24 hours.

2. Section 23.8.2 Fire Alarm Control Units is revised as follows:

23.8.2.2 Except as permitted in 23.8.2.3, the fire alarm systems components shall be permitted to share control equipment or shall be able to operate as stand-alone subsystems, but in any case, they shall be arranged to function as a single system and send a single signal to a central, remote, or proprietary station.

3. Section 23.8.2.3 is hereby deleted without replacement.

4. Section 26.2.3.1 is hereby amended by modifying the start paragraph as follows:

26.2.3.1 Supervising station customers or clients and the fire code official shall be notified in writing within 7 days of any scheduled change in service that results in signals from their property being handled by a different supervising station facility.

15.08.090 Construction of Off-Street Parking Lots.

- A. Paving. All off-street parking lots shall be paved according to the City specifications, with an all-weather surface of asphalt or concrete paving.
- B. Preparation of Specifications. The City Engineer shall prepare such specifications for use by the owner or builder of such off-street parking space.
- C. Construction Permit Required. No off-street parking lot may be constructed without there being issued a permit therefor by the Building and Safety Superintendent of the City.
- D. Application for Construction Permit. Application for such permit shall be accompanied by a plot plan showing the size of the proposed parking lot, method of ingress and egress, layout of stalls, bumper guard locations and such other pertinent facts as may be required by the Building and Safety Superintendent to determine whether such application meets the requirements and regulations of the City.

Section 2. Chapter 15.12 of the San Clemente Municipal Code is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

Chapter 15.12 ELECTRICAL CODE

- 15.12.010 Electrical Code Adopted – Where filed.
- 15.12.020 Amendments, additions and deletions

15.12.010 Electrical Code Adopted – Where filed.

The City Council of the City of San Clemente hereby adopts by reference California Code of Regulations Title 24, Part 3, known and designated as the California Electrical Code, 2010 Edition based on the National Electrical Code (NEC), 2008 Edition, as published by the National Fire Protection Association with the modifications set forth below for the purpose of prescribing regulations for the installation, arrangement, alteration, repairing, replacement, remodeling, or use and other operation of electrical wiring, connections, fixtures and other electrical appliances on premises within the City. The provisions of this code shall constitute the electrical code regulations of the City. The California Electrical Code is on file for public examination in the City's Building Division office.

15.12.020 Amendments, additions and deletions.

- A. A new Section 90.0 of Article 90 of the California Electrical Code is hereby added to read in its entirety as follows:

90.0 Administration and Fees.

Administrative provisions contained in Division II of Chapter 1 of the California Building Code and California Residential Code, as amended by the City of San Clemente, shall apply to the California Electrical Code, as adopted and amended by the City of San Clemente.

- B. A new Subdivision (L) is hereby added to Section 300.5 of Article 300 of Chapter 3 of the California Electrical Code to read in its entirety as follows:

(L) Underground utilities required. Overhead wiring shall not be installed outside on private property. The building official, as a condition precedent to the issuance of a building permit, shall require all utility services located within any lot to be installed underground if:

- (a) The property is to be developed with a new or relocated main building; or
- (b) The remodeling, alteration, or addition to the existing main building involves more than 50% of the building floor area; or
- (c) A residential building or use is converted to any nonresidential use or purpose.

For purposes of this section, "main building" shall mean a building in which is conducted the principal use of the lot or building site on which such building is located.

The owner or developer of the property shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of this section and shall provide all the necessary facilities on the property to receive such services from the supplying utilities. If the building official determines that application of this requirement causes extraordinary hardship, the building official may modify or delay the imposition of the undergrounding requirement upon approval of property owner's application therefore. If the building official determines to delay the installation of the requirement, he may require a recorded agreement guaranteeing the future performance of the work, together with adequate

performance security in the form of a cash, surety bond, or letter of credit.

For purposes of this section, appurtenances and associated equipment, such as, but not limited to, surface-mounted transformers, pedestal-mounted terminal boxes and meter cabinets, and concealed ducts in an underground system may be placed above ground.

- C. Subdivision (B) of Section 310.2 of Article 310 of Chapter 3 of the California Electrical Code is hereby amended to add a second and third paragraph to read as follows:

Copper wire shall be the material used when plans or installations require No. 6 or smaller wiring.

Aluminum wire may only be permitted on an individual case-by-case basis by the Building Official. Any such approval shall be based upon findings showing that all of the following conditions exist:

- (a) Wire size shall not be less than No. 6
- (b) Continuous inspection of each connection by a qualified inspector approved by the Building Official in advance.
- (c) Installation of antioxidant compound/material at each connection.
- (d) Use of electrical equipment listed for aluminum wiring.
- (e) The installer shall notify the building owner in writing that aluminum wiring was used. The notification shall specify exact locations of wire and its purposes. Certificate of Occupancy will not be issued until a copy of the notification letter is submitted to the Building Official for a review and approval.

- D. Table No. 310.5 of Section 310.5 of Article 310 of Chapter 3 of the California Electrical Code is hereby amended by adding a note at the bottom to read as follows:

****Note.** Use of aluminum conductors requires prior approval from Building Official. See Section 310.2(B), Conductor Material.

Section 3. Chapter 15.16 of the San Clemente Municipal Code is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

Chapter 15.16 MECHANICAL CODE

- 15.16.010 Mechanical Code Adopted – Where filed.
- 15.16.020 Amendments, additions and deletions

15.16.010 Mechanical Code Adopted – Where filed.

The City Council of the City of San Clemente hereby adopts by reference California Code of Regulations Title 24, Part 4, known and designated as the California Mechanical Code, 2010 Edition based on the 2009 Uniform Mechanical Code as published by the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials with the modifications set forth below for the purpose of prescribing regulations for the design, construction, installation, quality of materials, location, operation and maintenance or use of heating, ventilating, cooling, refrigeration systems, incinerators and other heat-producing appliances in the City including Appendices A, B, C and D. The provisions of this code shall constitute the mechanical code regulations of the City. The California Mechanical Code is on file for public examination in the City's Building Division office.

15.16.020 Amendments, additions and deletions.

- A. Sections 114.0 and 115.0 of Division II of Chapter 1 of the California Mechanical Code are hereby deleted and replaced by the following:

114.0 Administration and Fees. Administrative and fee provisions contained in Division II of Chapter 1 of the California Building Code and California Residential Code, as amended by the City of San Clemente, shall apply to the California Mechanical Code, as adopted and amended by the City of San Clemente.

- B. The first paragraph of Subsection 504.2 of the Section 504 of the California Mechanical Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

504.2 Domestic Range Hoods and Vents. Kitchen range hoods shall be installed for cooking facilities with an approved forced-draft system of ventilation vented to the outside of the building. Ducts used for domestic kitchen range ventilation shall be of metal, or other approved material, and shall have smooth interior surfaces. Ducts for domestic range hoods shall only serve cooking appliances. *(Balance of the subsection to remain unchanged.)*

- C. A new Subsection 904.10.4 is hereby added to Section 904 of the California Mechanical Code to read as follows:

904.10.4 Ladders and catwalks providing the required access shall be as required by the relevant safety regulations but shall not be less than the following:

1. Ladders shall:
 - a. Not be less than 14 inches (356 mm) wide,
 - b. Have a rung spacing not more than 14 inches (356 mm) on center,
 - c. Have a toe space at least 6 inches (152 mm) deep,
 - d. Provide intermediate landings not more than 18 feet (5486 mm) apart, and
 - e. Have side railings which extend at least 30 inches (762 mm) above the scuttle opening or coping to the step off.
2. Catwalks shall:
 - a. Not be less than 24 inches (610 mm) wide and
 - b. Have railings as required for service platforms.

Permanent ladders and catwalks shall be fixed to the structure as required by the California Building Code. Stairways providing the required access shall comply with the Building Code.

Section 4. Chapter 15.20 of the San Clemente Municipal Code is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

Chapter 15.20 PLUMBING CODE

15.20.010 Plumbing Code Adopted – Where filed.
15.20.020 Amendments, additions and deletions

15.20.010 Plumbing Code Adopted – Where filed.

The City Council of the City of San Clemente hereby adopts by reference California Code of Regulations Title 24, Part 5, known and designated as the California Plumbing Code, 2010 Edition based on the 2009 Uniform Plumbing Code as published by the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials with the modifications set forth below for the purpose of prescribing regulations for the design, quality of materials, erection, installation, alteration, repair, relocation, replacement,

addition to, use or maintenance of plumbing systems in the City including Appendices A, B, D, G, I, K, and L. The provisions of this code shall constitute the plumbing code regulations of the City. The California Plumbing Code is on file for public examination in the City's Building Division office.

15.20.020 Amendments, additions and deletion.

- A. Sections 103.3 and 103.4 of Division II of Chapter 1 of the California Plumbing Code are hereby deleted and replaced by the following:

103.3 Administration and Fees. Administrative provisions contained in Division II of Chapter 1 of the California Building Code and California Residential Code, as amended by the City of San Clemente, shall apply to the California Plumbing Code, adopted and amended by the City of San Clemente.

- B. Subsection 604.1 of Section 604.0 of the California Plumbing Code is hereby amended by adding a sentence to end of the second paragraph to read as follows:

Ferrous materials are prohibited for water pipe and fittings when installed in the ground unless a soils analysis is provided to show that soil conditions will not be damaging to the piping material. *(Balance of the section to remain unchanged)*

- C. Subsection 604.2 of Section 604.0 of the California Plumbing Code is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

604.2 Copper tube for water piping shall have a weight of not less than Type K.

Exception. Type L copper tubing may be used for water piping when piping is underground and not within the footprint of the building foundation and Type M copper tubing may be used for water piping when piping is aboveground in, or on, a building.

- D. The first paragraph of Subsection 609.3.2 of Section 609.0 of the California Plumbing Code is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

609.3.2 Copper water piping installed under concrete floor slabs within a building or structure shall be copper tube Type "K" and shall be installed without joints where possible. Where joints are permitted, they shall be brazed and fitting shall be wrought copper. Such copper tubing shall be placed in a sand bed a minimum of three inches (3") in depth, and properly protected penetrates concrete and similar materials.

- E. Subsection 610.8 of Section 610.0 of the California Plumbing Code is hereby amended by deleting the last paragraph and replacing it with the following:

No building supply pipe shall be less than one inch (1") in diameter unless a design or calculations are submitted and approved by Administrative Authority. Each main building shall have a minimum of two three-quarter-inch (3/4") hose bibs; one located readily accessible to the front yard and one to the back yard.

- F. A new Subsection 701.1.7 is hereby added to Section 701.1 of the California Plumbing Code to read as follows:

701.1.7 Cast iron shall not be used for drainage and waste piping when installed in the ground unless a soils analysis is provided to show that soil conditions will not be damaging to the piping material.

- G. Subsection 1209.5.1.1 of Section 1209 of California Plumbing Code is hereby amended by adding the following sentences to the end of the paragraph:

Approved PE pipe and fittings shall be used in exterior buried gas piping systems. Ferrous gas piping is not permitted to be installed underground unless a soils analysis is provided to show that soil conditions will not be damaging to the piping material.

Section 5. A new Chapter 15.21 is hereby added to Title 15 of the San Clemente Municipal Code to read in its entirety as follows:

Chapter 15.21 GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE

- 15.21.010 Green Building Standards Code Adopted – Where filed.
- 15.21.020 Amendments, additions and deletions

15.21.010 Green Building Standards Code Adopted – Where filed.

For the purpose of prescribing regulations for the planning, design, operation, construction, use and occupancy of newly constructed buildings and structures in the City to reduce the negative environmental impacts, subject to the modifications set forth in this Chapter, the City Council of the City of San Clemente hereby adopts by reference California Code of Regulations Title 24, Part 11, known and designated as the California Green Building Standards Code, 2010 Edition (CGBSC)), as published by the International Code Council. A copy of the California Green Building Standards Code is on file for public examination in the City's Building Division office.

15.21.020 Amendments, additions and deletions.

- A. Section 202 of the CGBSC is hereby amended by adding the following definition:

SUSTAINABILITY. Consideration of present development and construction impacts on the community, the economy, and the environment without compromising the needs of the future.

- B. Subsection 4.304.1 of Section 4.304 of the CGBSC is amended to read in its entirety as follows:

4.304.1 Irrigation controllers. Automatic irrigation system controllers for landscaping provided and installed at the time of final inspection and shall comply with the following:

1. Controllers shall be weather- or soil moisture-based irrigation controllers that automatically adjust irrigation in response to changes in plants' needs as weather conditions change.
2. Weather-based controllers without integral rain sensors or communication systems that account for local rainfall shall have a separate wired or wireless rain sensor which connects or communicates with the controller(s). Soil moisture-based controllers are not required to have rain sensor input.

Section 6. A new Chapter 15.22 is hereby added to Title 15 of the San Clemente Municipal Code to read in its entirety as follows:

Chapter 15.22 RESIDENTIAL CODE

15.22.010 Residential Code Adopted – Where filed.

- 15.22.020 Division II of Chapter 1 amended — Administration.
- 15.22.030 Chapter 3 amended — Building Planning.
- 15.22.040 Chapter 4 amended — Foundations.
- 15.22.050 Chapter 9 amended — Roof Assemblies.
- 15.22.060 Chapter 44 amended — Referenced Standards (NFPA 13, NFPA 13R, NFPA 13D, NFPA 72).

15.22.010 Residential Code Adopted – Where filed.

For the purpose of prescribing regulations for erection, construction, enlargement, alteration, replacement, repair, improvement, removal, movement, conversion, demolition, use and occupancy, equipment, height, location, maintenance, and areas of detached one-and two-family residential dwellings, townhomes and structures accessory thereto in the City, subject to the modifications set forth in this Chapter, the City Council of the City of San Clemente hereby adopts by reference California Code of Regulations Title 24, Part 2.5, known and designated as the California Residential Code (CRC), 2010 Edition, based on the 2009 International Residential Code as published by the International Code Council including Appendix H. A copy of this code is on file for public examination in the City's Building Division office.

15.22.020 Division II of Chapter 1 amended — Administration.

Division II of Chapter 1 of CRC is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection R101.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R101.1 Title. These regulations shall be known as the California Residential Code, and may be cited as such and will be referred to herein as "this code".

- B. Subsection R101.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R101.2 Scope. The provisions of this code shall apply to the construction, alteration, movement, enlargement, replacement, repair, equipment, use and occupancy, location, maintenance, removal and demolition of every detached one-and two-family dwelling and townhouse not more than three stories above grade plane in height with a separate means of egress and structures accessory thereto.

Exception: Live/work units complying with the requirements of Section 419 of the California Building Code shall be permitted to be built as one- and two-family dwellings or townhouses. Fire suppression required by Section 419.5 of the California Building Code when constructed under the California Residential Code for one- and two-family dwellings shall conform to Section 903.3.1.3 of the California Building Code.

The provisions of this code shall apply to and affect all of the territory of the City of San Clemente, except work located primarily in a public way, public utility towers and poles, mechanical equipment not specifically regulated in these codes, hydraulic flood control structures, facilities for the production, generation, storage or transmission of water or electrical energy by a local agency, and except as exempted by these codes.

- C. Subsection R102.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

R102.7 Existing Structures. The legal occupancy of any structure existing on the date of adoption of this code shall be permitted to continue without change, except as is specifically covered in this code, the Housing Code or the California Fire Code, or as is deemed necessary by the building official for the general safety and welfare of the occupants and the public.

- D. Subsection R105.2 is hereby amended by deleting items 1 through 10 under the heading "Building" and replacing them with the following:

Building:

1. One-story detached accessory buildings used as tool and storage sheds, playhouses and similar uses and structures such as portable shade cloth structures, provided the floor area does not exceed 120 square feet (11 m²). Such structures must comply with the setback and height requirements of the City Zoning Ordinance and the Fire Code.
2. Masonry or concrete fences not over 42 inches in height above lowest adjacent grade, and all other fences not over 6 feet (1,829 mm) in height above lowest adjacent

grade and any fence located with the zoning front yard setback distance not over 42 inches high.

3. Retaining walls that are not over 4 feet in height measured from the bottom of footing to the top of wall unless supporting a surcharge or impounding Class I, II or IIIA liquids.
4. Water tanks supported directly on grade if the capacity does not exceed 5,000 gallons and the ratio of height to diameter or width does not exceed 2:1.
5. Sidewalks and driveways.
6. Painting, papering, tiling, carpeting, cabinets, counter tops and similar finish work that does not involve electrical, mechanical or plumbing work.
7. Prefabricated swimming pools accessory to a Group R-3 occupancy that are less than 18 inches deep, do not exceed 5,000 gallons and are installed entirely above ground.
8. Shade cloth structures constructed for nursery or agricultural purposes, not including service systems.
9. Swings and other playground equipment accessory to detached one- and two-family dwellings.
10. Window awnings supported by an exterior wall that do not project more than 54 inches from the exterior wall and do not require additional support of Group R-3 and U occupancies.
11. Detached decks, platforms or similar structures not exceeding 200 square feet in area, walkways that are not more than 30 inches (762mm) above adjacent grade, and not over any basement or story below and are not part of an accessible route.
12. Non-fixed and movable fixtures, cases, racks, counters and partitions not over 5 feet 9 inches in height.
13. Radio and television antenna, and flagpoles not over twelve (12) feet in height measured from grade.

Unless otherwise exempted, separate plumbing, electrical and mechanical permits will be required for the above-exempted items.

- E. Subsection R105.3.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R105.3.2 Time limitation of application. An application for a permit for any proposed work shall be deemed to have been abandoned 360 days after the date of filing, unless such application has been pursued in good faith or permit has been issued; except that the building official is authorized to grant one or more extensions of time for additional periods not exceeding 90 days each. The extension shall be requested in writing and justifiable cause demonstrated. In order to renew action on an application after expiration, the applicant shall resubmit plans and pay a new plan check fee.

- F. Subsection R105.5 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R105.5 Expiration. Every permit issued shall become invalid unless the work on the site authorized by such permit is commenced within 180 days after its issuance, or if the work authorized on the site by such permit is suspended or abandoned for a period of 180 days after the time the work commenced.

Any permittee holding an unexpired permit may apply for an extension of the time within which work may commence under that permit when the permittee is unable to commence work within the time required. The extension shall be requested in writing prior to the permit expiring and show justifiable cause demonstrating that circumstances beyond the control of the permittee have prevented action from being taken. Pursuant to this paragraph, the Building Official or his/her designee is authorized to grant, in writing, one extension of time, for a period not more than 180 days. The completion of construction shall not extend beyond the timeframes mandated in Section R105.10 of this code even with such extension.

Before such work can be recommenced after a permit expires, a new permit shall first be obtained, and a fee

therefore shall be one half the amount required for a new permit for such work, provided no changes have been made or will be made in the original plans and specifications for such work, and provided further that such suspension or abandonment has not exceeded one year. In order to renew action on a permit after this one year time period, the permittee shall pay a new full permit fee.

- G. A new Subsection R105.10 is hereby added to Section R105 to read in its entirety as follows.

R105.10 Completion of construction. Notwithstanding subsection R105.5 above, all construction shall be completed by the owner, owner's agent, or the permittee and approved by the City within the following time frame:

- a. New residential buildings construction . . . 24 months
- b. Residential room additions and remodels . . . 12 months
- c. Pools/spas . . . 12 months
- d. Patio covers and similar structures . . . 6 months
- e. Fences and/or retaining walls . . 6 months
- f. Water heaters, water softeners, and air conditioners . . . 6 months
- g. All other minor alterations . . . 6 months

Upon written request of the owner or permittee, the Building Official and/or his/her designated representative may extend the period for completion of construction for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty (180) days. The written request must demonstrate that (1) due to circumstances beyond the owner's or permittee's control, construction could not be completed in the required construction period; (2) that reasonable progress has been made; (3) that the condition of the property presents no health or safety hazard; and (4) that the continued delay will not create any unreasonable visual or physical detriment to the neighborhood. Any extension beyond one hundred eighty (180) days must be approved by the City Manager.

The requirement of this subsection shall apply to all construction projects undertaken prior to the effective date of this subsection except that the construction period set forth shall run from the effective date of this subsection rather than from the date construction was commenced or a building permit was issued for the project.

- H. A new Subsection R105.11 is hereby added to Section R105 to read in its entirety as follows.

R105.11 Maintenance of property during construction. During construction, all property shall be maintained in a reasonably clean and well-kept manner. All lumber and building materials shall be neatly piled or stacked in a safe manner and stored in the rear yard of the residential property or inside the building construction perimeter, except that building materials may be stored in a front yard for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days. A waiver of this requirement may be obtained from the Building Official or his/her designated representative if the construction is screened from view from adjacent occupied or public property with fencing materials approved by city zoning and building regulations.

- I. A new Subsection R106.1.4 is hereby added to Section R106 to read in its entirety as follows:

106.1.4 Soil report. A Soil report shall be submitted with all permit applications for new construction and additions. Soil Reports shall be prepared by a professional engineer licensed by the State to prepare such reports. The Building Official may waive this requirement if he/she finds that the scope of work applied for does not necessitate a soil report.

- J. Subsection R106.3 is hereby amended to add a second paragraph that reads as follows:

When submittal documents are required by Section R106.1, a plan review fee shall be paid at the time of submitting the submittal documents for plan review. Said plan review fees are separate fees from the permit fees specified in Section R108 and are in addition to the permit fees. Said plan review fee shall be as set forth in the City Council Fee Resolution.

- K. Subsection R106.5 is hereby amended to add a second paragraph that reads as follows:

The approved plans, permit application, inspection card and other construction documents required by the Building Official shall be imaged after the final inspection and will be a permanent record in the City. The applicant shall pay the cost of imaging at the time of permit.

- L. Subsection R108.2 is hereby amended by adding a sentence at the end to read as follows:

The fee for each permit shall be as set forth in the City Council Fee Resolution unless otherwise specified by the code.

- M. Subsection R108.3 is hereby amended to add a second paragraph that reads as follows:

The Building Official shall make the determination of value or valuation under any provisions of this code. The valuation shall be determined by using rational methods established by the Building Official that reasonably establish the construction value or the contract price of the actual construction cost. The value of work to be used in computing the Building Permit and Building Plan Review fees shall be the total value of all construction work for which the permit is issued, as well as all finish work, painting, roofing, electrical, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, elevators, fire extinguishing systems and any other permanent equipment.

- N. Subsection R108.5 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R108.5 Refunds. The building official is authorized to establish a refund policy. The building official may authorize refunding of any fee paid hereunder which was erroneously paid or collected as provided below.

The building official may authorize refunding of not more than 80 percent of the permit fee paid when no work has been done under a permit issued in accordance with this code.

The building official may authorize refunding of not more than 80 percent of the plan review fee paid when an application for a permit for which a plan review has been paid is withdrawn or canceled before any plan reviewing is done.

The building official shall not authorize refunding of any fee paid except on written application filed by the original permittee not later than 180 days after the date of payment.

- O. Subsection R108.6 is hereby amended to add a second paragraph that reads as follows:

An investigation fee, in addition to the permit fee, shall be collected whether or not a permit is then or subsequently issued. The investigation fee shall be equal to the amount of the permit fee required by this code. The payment of such investigation fee shall not exempt any person from compliance with all other provisions of this code nor from any penalty prescribed by law.

- P. A new Subsection R108.7 is hereby added to Section R108 to read in its entirety as follows:

R108.7 Deposit. The Building Official may require a deposit from the applicant for a certain project or work in order to secure the request of final inspection-approvals from the applicant or the repairing of damaged City properties during the period of construction. The deposit money will be refunded to the applicant when the final inspections are approved or the damages are repaired to the satisfaction of the City. The deposit amount shall not be more than twice the permit fee.

- Q. A new Subsection R109.5 is hereby added to Section R109 to read in its entirety as follows:

R109.5 Reinspections. A reinspection fee may be assessed for each inspection or reinspection when such portion of work for which an inspection is requested is not complete or when previous corrections are not corrected.

This subsection is not to be interpreted as requiring reinspection fees the first time a job is rejected for failure to comply with requirements of this Code, but as controlling the practice of calling for inspections before the job is ready for such inspection or reinspection.

Reinspection fees may be assessed when the inspection record card is not posted or otherwise made available on the work site, or when the approved plans are not readily available to the inspector, or for failure to provide access on the date for which inspection is requested.

To obtain a reinspection, the applicant shall pay the reinspection fee as established by the City Council Fee Resolution. In instances where reinspection fees have been assessed, no additional inspection of work will be performed until the required reinspection fees have been paid.

- R. Subsection R110.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R110.2 Change in use. Changes in the character or use of an existing structure shall not be made except as specified in Section 3408 of the California Building Code.

15.22.030 Chapter 3 amended — Building Planning.

Chapter 3 of CRC is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Table R301.2(1) in Section 301 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

**TABLE R301.2(1)
CLIMATIC AND GEOGRAPHIC DESIGN CRITERIA**

GROUND SNOW LOAD	WIND DESIGN		SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY	SUBJECT TO DAMAGE FROM			WINTER DESIGN TEMP ¹	ICE BARRIER UNDERLAYMENT REQUIRED	FLOOD HAZARDS ²	AIR FREEZING INDEX ³	MEAN ANNUAL TEMP ¹
	Speed (mph)	Topographic effects		Weathering ⁴	Frost line Depth ⁵	Termite ⁶					
Zero	85	No	D ₁ or D ₂ or E	Negligible	12"	Very Heavy	43	No	Footnote "g" Below	0	60

For SI: 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa, 1 mile per hour = 0.447 m/s.

- a. Weathering may require a higher strength concrete or grade of masonry than necessary to satisfy the structural requirements of this code. The weathering column shall be filled in with the weathering index (i.e., "negligible," "moderate" or "severe") for concrete as determined from the Weathering Probability Map [Figure R301.2(3)]. The grade of masonry units shall be determined from ASTM C 34, C 55, C 62, C 73, C 90, C 129, C 145, C 216 or C 652.
- b. The frost line depth may require deeper footings than indicated in Figure R403.1(1). The jurisdiction shall fill in the frost line depth column with the minimum depth of footing below finish grade.
- c. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table to indicate the need for protection depending on whether there has been a history of local subterranean termite damage.
- d. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the wind speed from the basic wind speed map [Figure R301.2(4)]. Wind exposure category shall be determined on a site-specific basis in accordance with Section R301.2.1.4.
- e. Temperatures shall be permitted to reflect local climates or local weather experience as determined by the building official.
- f. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the seismic design category determined from Section R301.2.2.1.

g. Flood Hazard Maps
 FEMA - National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)

Community Name	Community Number	FIRM Panel Number	Initial NFIP Map Date	Initial FIRM Date	Most Recent FIRM Panel
San Clemente	080230	06059C0507J	06 / 14 / 1974	12 / 04 / 1979	12 / 03 / 2009
		06059C0508J			
		06059C0509J			
		06059C0517J			
		06059C0526J			
		06059C0528J			
		06059C0536J			
		06059C0538J			

FEMA - Federal Emergency Management Agency

NFIP - National Flood Insurance Program

FIRM - Flood Insurance Rate Map

Also see - San Clemente Municipal Code Chapter 15.76 - Flood Damage Prevention

- i. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the 100-year return period air freezing index (BF-days) from Figure R403.3(2) or from the 100-year (99%) value on the National Climatic Data Center data table "Air Freezing Index- USA Method (Base 32")" at www.ncdc.noaa.gov/fpsf.html.
- j. The jurisdiction shall fill in this part of the table with the mean annual temperature from the National Climatic Data Center data table "Air Freezing Index-USA Method (Base 32°F)" at www.ncdc.noaa.gov/fpsf.html.

B. Subsection R313.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R313.1 Townhouse automatic fire sprinklers systems.

An automatic residential fire sprinkler system installed in Townhouses as follows:

New buildings: An automatic sprinkler system shall be installed throughout all new townhouse buildings, including the attached garages.

Existing buildings: An automatic sprinkler system shall be installed throughout existing buildings, including the attached garages, when one of the following conditions exists:

1. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when the total floor area is increase by 50% of the existing area over a 2-year period
2. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when the total area is increased by 750 square feet or more over a 2-year period

3. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when an additional story is added to the structure regardless of the area involved
4. An automatic sprinkler system shall be installed throughout any existing Group R Occupancy building when the floor area of the Alteration or Combination of an Addition and Alteration, within any two year period, is 50% or more of area of the existing structure and where the scope of the work exposes building framing and facilitates sprinkler installation and is such that the Building/Fire Code Official determines that the complexity of installing a sprinkler system would be similar as in a new building.
5. Any addition to existing building that has fire sprinklers installed.

Exceptions:

1. Existing Group R-3 occupancies converted to Group R-3.1 occupancies not housing bedridden clients, not housing nonambulatory clients above the first floor and not housing clients above the second floor.
 2. Existing Group R-3 occupancies converted to Group R-3.1 occupancies housing only one bedridden client and complying with Section 425.8.3.3.
 3. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 13113 occupancies housing ambulatory children only, none of whom are mentally ill or mentally retarded, and the buildings or portions thereof in which such children are housed are not more than two stories in height, and buildings or portions thereof housing such children have an automatic fire alarm system activated by approved smoke detectors.
 4. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 13143.6 occupancies licensed for protective social care which house ambulatory clients only, none of whom is a child (under the age of 18 years), or who is elderly (65 years of age or over).
- C. Subsection R313.2 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R313.2 One- and two-family dwellings automatic fire sprinklers systems. An automatic residential fire

sprinkler system installed in one- and two-family dwellings as follows:

New buildings: An automatic sprinkler system shall be installed throughout all new one- and two-family dwellings, including the attached garages.

Existing buildings: An automatic sprinkler system shall be installed throughout existing buildings, including the attached garages, when one of the following conditions exists:

1. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when the total floor area is increase by 50% of the existing area over a 2-year period
2. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when the total area is increased by 750 square feet or more over a 2-year period
3. All existing Group R occupancies and U-1 garages when an additional story is added to the structure regardless of the area involved
4. An automatic sprinkler system shall be installed throughout any existing Group R Occupancy building when the floor area of the Alteration or Combination of an Addition and Alteration, within any two year period, is 50% or more of area of the existing structure and where the scope of the work exposes building framing and facilitates sprinkler installation and is such that the Building/Fire Code Official determines that the complexity of installing a sprinkler system would be similar as in a new building.
5. Any addition to existing building that has fire sprinklers installed.

Exceptions:

1. Existing Group R-3 occupancies converted to Group R-3.1 occupancies not housing bedridden clients, not housing nonambulatory clients above the first floor and not housing clients above the second floor.
2. Existing Group R-3 occupancies converted to Group R-3.1 occupancies housing only one bedridden client and complying with Section 425.8.3.3.
3. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 13113 occupancies housing ambulatory children

only, none of whom are mentally ill or mentally retarded, and the buildings or portions thereof in which such children are housed are not more than two stories in height, and buildings or portions thereof housing such children have an automatic fire alarm system activated by approved smoke detectors.

4. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 13143.6 occupancies licensed for protective social care which house ambulatory clients only, none of whom is a child (under the age of 18 years), or who is elderly (65 years of age or over).

- D. Subsection R319.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R319.1 Address identification. New and existing buildings shall have approved address numbers, building numbers or approved building identification on the building placed in a position that is plainly legible and visible from the street or road fronting the property. These numbers shall contrast with their background. Address numbers shall be Arabic numbers or alphabetical letters. Numbers shall be a minimum of 4 inches (101.6 mm) high with a minimum stroke width of 0.5 inch (12.7 mm) for R-3 occupancies, for all other occupancies the numbers shall be a minimum of 6 inches high with a minimum stroke width of 1 inch. Where access is by a private road and the building cannot be viewed from the *public way*, a monument, pole or other sign or means shall be used to identify the structure.

- E. Subsection R322.1 is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R322.1 General. Buildings and structures constructed in whole or in part in flood hazard areas (including A or V Zones) as established in Table R301.2(1) shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the provisions contained in this section and in accordance with Chapter 15.76 of the San Clemente Municipal Code.

15.22.040 Chapter 4 amended — Foundations.

Chapter 4 of CRC is hereby amended as follows:

- A. Subsection R403.1.3 is hereby amended by deleting the

exception (*balance of subsection to remain unchanged*).

- B. Subsection R405.1 is hereby amended by deleting the exception (*balance of subsection to remain unchanged*).

15.22.050 Chapter 9 amended — Roof Assemblies.

Chapter 9 of CRC is hereby amended as follows:

- A Subsection R902.1 is amended to read in its entirety as follows:

R902.1 Roofing covering materials. Roofs shall be covered with materials as set forth in Sections R904 and R905. A minimum Class A or B roofing shall be installed in areas designated by this section. Classes A and/or B roofing required by this section to be listed shall be tested in accordance with UL 790 or ASTM E 108.

Exceptions:

1. Class A roof assemblies include those with coverings of brick, masonry and exposed concrete roof deck.
 2. Class A roof assemblies also include ferrous or copper shingles or sheets, metal sheets and shingles, clay or concrete roof tile, or slate installed on noncombustible decks.
- B. Subsections R902.1.1, R902.1.2, R902.1.3 are hereby deleted and replaced with a new Subsection R902.1.1 to read in its entirety as follows:

R902.1.1 Roof Coverings. The roof covering or roofing assembly on any new structure regulated by this code shall be Class A fire retardant roof minimum as classified in Section 1505.2. Non-combustible roof covering may be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements in lieu of a fire retardant roofing assembly. Wood roofing materials are prohibited unless pressure treated and approved for fire retardant of Class A minimum. For existing structure when ten percent (10%) or more of the total roof area is re-roofed within any one-year period, shall have a Class A fire retardant roof covering for entire roof area. For existing structure when less than ten percent (10%) of the total roof area is re-roofed within any one-year period, shall have a fire retardant roof covering class

equal to or greater than the existing roof covering and not less than Class B.

- C. The first paragraph of Subsection R902.2 is hereby amended to read as follows:

R902.2 Fire-retardant-treated shingles and shakes. Fire-retardant-treated wood shakes and shingles are wood shakes and shingles complying with UBC Standard 15-3 or 15-4 which are impregnated by the full-cell vacuum-pressure process with fire-retardant chemicals, and which have been qualified by UBC Standard 15-2 for use on Class A or B roofs. *(balance of subsection to remain unchanged).*

- D. Subsection R903.4 is hereby amended by adding a second paragraph to read as follows:

Water that accumulates on a roof shall be effectively drained and conveyed from the roof to a storm drain, street gutter, or other locations approved by the Building Official. Such water shall be conveyed through gutters, leaders, associated piping or other non-erodible surface drainage devices as approved by the Building Official. For any minor or small roofs, the Building Official may exempt this requirement.

15.22.060 Chapter 44 amended — Referenced Standards (NFPA 13, NFPA 13R, NFPA 13D, NFPA 72).

The Referenced Standards in Chapter 44 of CRC are hereby amended as follows:

- A. **NFPA 13, 2010 Edition, Installation of Sprinkler Systems** is hereby amended as follows:

- 1. Section 6.8.3 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

6.8.3 Fire department connections (FDC) shall be of an approved type. The FDC shall contain a minimum of two 2 1/2" inlets. The location shall be approved and be no more than 150 feet from a public hydrant. The size of piping and the number of inlets shall be approved by the chief. If acceptable to the water authority, it may be installed

on the backflow assembly. Fire department inlet connections shall be painted OSHA safety red. When the fire sprinkler density design requires 500 gpm (including inside hose stream demand) or greater, or a standpipe system is included, four 2 ½" inlets shall be provided. FDC may be located within 150 feet of a private fire hydrant when approved by the chief.

2. Section 8.3.3.1 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

8.3.3.1. When fire sprinkler systems are installed in shell buildings of undetermined use (Spec Buildings) other than warehouses (S occupancies), fire sprinklers of the quick-response type shall be used. Use is considered undetermined if a specific tenant/occupant is not identified at the time the pennit is issued. Sprinklers in light hazard occupancies shall be one of the following:

- a) Quick-response type as defined in 3.6.4.7.
- b) Residential sprinklers in accordance with the requirements of 8.4.5.
- c) Standard-response sprinklers used for modifications or additions to existing light hazard systems equipped with standard-response sprinklers.
- d) Standard-response sprinklers used where individual standard-response sprinklers are replaced in existing light hazard systems.

3. Section 8.17.1.1.1 is hereby added as follows:

8.17.1.1.1 Residential Waterflow Alarms. A local water-flow alarms shall be provided on all sprinkler systems and shall be connected to the building fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system where provided. Group R occupancies not requiring a fire alarm system by the California Fire Code shall be provided with a minimum of one approved interior alarm device in each unit. Sound levels in all sleeping areas shall be a minimum of 15 DBA above the average ambient sound or a minimum of 75 DBA with all intervening doors closed. Alarms shall be audible within all other living areas within

each dwelling unit. When not connected to a fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system, audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

4. Section 8.17.2.4.6 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

8.17.2.4.6 Fire department connections shall be on the street side of buildings and shall be located and arranged so that they are immediately adjacent to the approved fire department access road and that hose lines can be readily and conveniently attached to the inlets without interference from nearby objects including buildings, fence, posts, or other fire department connections.

5. Section 11.1.1.2 is hereby added as follows:

11.1.1.2 When fire sprinkler systems are required in buildings of undetermined use other than warehouses, they shall be designed and installed to have a fire sprinkler density of not less than that required for an Ordinary Hazard Group 2 use, with no reduction/s in density or design area. Warehouse fire sprinkler systems shall be designed to Figure 16.2.1.3.2 (d) curve "G". Use is considered undetermined if a specific tenant/occupant is not identified at the time the permit is issued. Where a subsequent occupancy requires a system with greater capability, it shall be the responsibility of the occupant to upgrade the system to the required density for the new occupancy.

6. Section 11.2.3.1.1.1 is hereby added as follows:

11.2.3.1.1.1 The available water supply for fire sprinkler system design shall be determined by one of the following methods, as approved by the Fire Code Official:

- 1) Subtract the project site elevation from the low water level for the appropriate pressure zone and multiplying the result by 0.433;
- 2) Use a maximum of 40 psi, if available;
- 3) Utilize the Orange County Fire Authority water-flow test form/directions to document a flow test conducted by the local water agency

or a professional engineer licensed in the State of California. The result shall be adjusted in accordance with the graduated scaled found in the guideline.

7. Section 22.1.3 (43) is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

Section 22.1.3 (43) Size and location of hydrants, showing size and number of outlets and if outlets are to be equipped with independent gate valves. Whether hose houses and equipment are to be provided, and by whom, shall be indicated. Static and residual hydrants that were used in the flow tests shall be shown. Flow test shall be completed within six months of the plan submittal to the authority having jurisdiction.

- B. **NFPA 13R 2010 Edition Installation of Sprinkler System in Residential Occupancies up to and Including Four Stories in Height** is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 6.16.1 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

6.16.1 A local water-flow alarms shall be provided on all sprinkler systems and shall be connected to the building fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system where provided. Group R occupancies containing less than the number of stories, dwelling units or occupant load specified in Section 907.2.8 of the 2010 California Fire Code as requiring a fire alarm system shall be provided with a minimum of one approved interior alarm device in each unit. Sound levels in all sleeping areas shall be a minimum of 15 dBA above the average ambient sound or a minimum of 75 dBA with all intervening doors closed. Alarms shall be audible within all other living areas within each dwelling unit. When not connected to a fire alarm or water-flow monitoring system, audible devices shall be powered from an uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

There shall also be a minimum of one exterior alarm indicating device, listed for outside service and audible from the access roadway that serves that building.

2. Section 6.6.6 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

Section 6.6.6 Sprinklers shall not be required in penthouse equipment rooms, elevator machine rooms, concealed spaces dedicated exclusively to containing only dwelling unit ventilation equipment, crawl spaces, floor/ceiling spaces, noncombustible elevator shafts where the elevator cars comply with ANSI A17.1, Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators, and other concealed spaces that are not used or intended for living purposes or storage and do not contain fuel fired equipment.

3. Section 6.6.9 is hereby added as follows:

6.6.9 Sprinklers shall not be required in attics that are not located over dwelling units. When attics are separated by unit, each unit's attic space may be protected per NFPA 13D Section 8.6.4.2. All other attics shall be protected per NFPA 13.

- C. **NFPA 13D 2010 Edition Installation of Sprinkler Systems in One and Two-Family Dwellings and Manufactured Homes** is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 4.1.5 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5 Stock of Spare Sprinklers.

2. Section 4.1.5.1 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.1. A supply of at least two sprinklers for each type shall be maintained on the premises so that any sprinklers that have operated or been damaged in any way can be promptly replaced.

3. Section 4.1.5.2 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.2 The sprinklers shall correspond to the types and temperature ratings of the sprinklers in the property.

4. Section 4.1.5.3 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.3 The sprinklers shall be kept in a cabinet located where the temperature to which they are subjected will at no time exceed 100 °F (38°C).

5. Section 4.1.5.4 is hereby added as follows:

4.1.5.4 A special sprinkler wrench shall be provided and kept in the cabinet to be used in the removal and installation of sprinklers. One sprinkler wrench shall be provided for each type of sprinkler installed.

6. Section 7.1.2 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

7.1.2 The system piping shall not have a separate control valve unless supervised by a central station, proprietary or remote station alarm service.

7. Section 7.3.1 is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:

7.3.1 At least one water pressure gauge shall be installed on the riser assembly.

8. Section 7.6 is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced as follows:

7.6 Alarms Exterior alarm indicating device shall be listed for outside service and audible from the street from which the house is addressed. Exterior audible devices shall be placed on the front or side of the structure and the location subject to final approval by the fire code official. Additional interior alarm devices shall be required to provide audibility throughout the structure. Sound levels in all sleeping areas with all intervening doors closed shall be a minimum of 15 dBA above the average ambient sound level but not less than 75 dBA. Audible devices shall be powered from an

uninterruptible circuit (except for over-current protection) serving normally operated appliances in the residence.

Exception:

1. When an approved water flow monitoring system is installed, interior audible devices may be powered through the fire alarm control panel.
2. When smoke detectors specified under CBC Section 310.9 are used to sound an alarm upon waterflow switch activation.

9. Section 8.6.4.2 is hereby added as follows:

8.6.4.2 All attics shall be protected with an intermediate temperature quick response sprinkler which shall be located to protect attic penetrations created by the access scuttles or mechanical equipment.

D. NFPA 72, 2010 Edition National Fire Alarm Code

1. Section 14.2.1.2.3 is hereby revised to read in its entirety as follows:

14.2.1.2.3 If a defect or malfunction is not corrected at the conclusion of system inspection, testing, or maintenance, the system owner or the owner's designated representative and fire code official shall be informed of the impairment in writing within 24 hours.

2. Section 23.8.2 Fire Alarm Control Units is revised as follows:

23.8.2.2 Except as permitted in 23.8.2.3, the fire alarm systems components shall be permitted to share control equipment or shall be able to operate as stand-alone subsystems, but in any case, they shall be arranged to function as a single system and send a single signal to a central, remote, or proprietary station.

3. Section 23.8.2.3 is hereby deleted without replacement.

4. Section 26.2.3.1 is hereby amended by modifying the start paragraph as follows:

26.2.3.1 Supervising station customers or clients and the fire code official shall be notified in writing within 7 days of any scheduled change in service that results in signals from their property being handled by a different supervising station facility.

Section 7. The amendments to the California Building Code, California Electrical Code, California Mechanical Code, California Plumbing Code, California Green Building Standards Code, and California Residential Code herein have been adopted pursuant to Public Resource Code Section 4117 and Health and Safety Code Section 18941.5 and have been justified by the local conditions prevalent in the City of San Clemente as more particularly described in City Council-Resolution-No. _____ incorporate herein by this reference as if set forth in full.

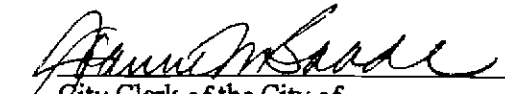
Section 8. If any portion of this Ordinance, or the application of any such provision to any person or circumstance, shall be held invalid, the remainder of this Ordinance to the extent it can be given effect, of the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby, and to this extent the provisions of this Ordinance are severable.


Section 9. This Ordinance shall become effective January 1, 2011.

Section 10. The City Clerk shall certify to the passage of this Ordinance and cause the same to be published as required by law and the same shall take effect as provided by law.

APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 16th day of November, 2010.

ATTEST:


City Clerk of the City of
San Clemente, California


Mayor of the City of San
Clemente, California

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
COUNTY OF ORANGE) ss.
CITY OF SAN CLEMENTE)

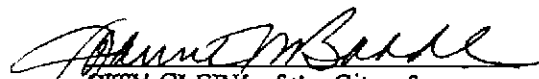
I, JOANNE BAADE, City Clerk of the City of San Clemente, California, hereby certify that Ordinance No. 1522 having been regularly introduced at the meeting of November 4, 2010, was again introduced, the reading in full thereof unanimously waived, and duly passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council held on the 16 day of November, 2010, and said ordinance was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: ANDERSON, BAKER, DONCHAK, EGGLESTON, MAYOR DAHL

NOES: NONE

ABSENT: NONE

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of the City of San Clemente, California, this 16TH day of NOV., 2010.


CITY CLERK of the City of
San Clemente, California

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

/s/ Jeff Oderman
CITY ATTORNEY

